

# New Products



## **FORMTRACER Avant (Surface Texture Measuring Instruments) C3000/4000 Series**

Refer to page L-10 for details.



## **FORMTRACER (Surface Texture Measuring Instruments) CS-3300 Series**

Refer to page L-12 for details.



## **Roundtest Extreme (CNC Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System) RA-6000CNC**

Refer to page L-24 for details.

## Surftest



## Contracer



## Formtracer



## Roundtest



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# Surftest

Performs brilliantly in many situations such as in the quality control room, on the factory floor and on the production line.

## Surftest SJ-210 SERIES 178 — On-site Surface Roughness Tester

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		Standard drive unit		Retractable drive unit		Transverse tracing drive unit	
		SJ-210 (0.75 mN type)	SJ-210 (4 mN type)	SJ-210 (0.75 mN type)	SJ-210 (4 mN type)	SJ-210 (0.75 mN type)	SJ-210 (4 mN type)
Order No.	mm	178-560-11	178-560-12	178-562-11	178-562-12	178-564-11	178-564-12
	inch/mm	178-561-11	178-561-12	178-563-11	178-563-12	178-565-11	178-565-12
Measuring range	X axis	16.0 mm				5.6 mm	
	Detector	Range	360 μm (-200 μm to +160 μm)				
		Range/Resolution	360 μm/0.02 μm, 100 μm/0.006 μm, 25 μm/0.002 μm				
Measuring force/Stylus tip shape		Depends on the Order No.: 0.75 mN/2 μmR 60° (when the Order No. ends with "-11") 4 mN/5 μmR 90° (when the Order No. ends with "-12")					
Applicable standards		JIS 1982/JIS 1994/JIS 2001/ISO 1997/ANSI/VDA					
Assessed profile		Primary profile, Roughness profile, DF profile, Roughness motif profile					

## Surftest SJ-310 SERIES 178 — On-site Surface Roughness Tester

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



### SPECIFICATIONS

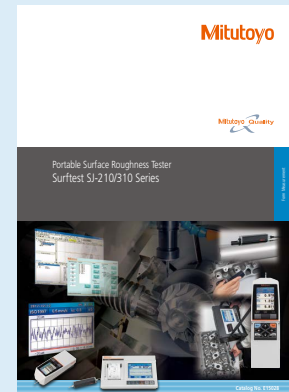
Model No.		Standard drive unit		Retractable drive unit		Transverse tracing drive unit	
		<b>SJ-310</b> (0.75 mN type)	<b>SJ-310</b> (4 mN type)	<b>SJ-310</b> (0.75 mN type)	<b>SJ-310</b> (4 mN type)	<b>SJ-310</b> (0.75 mN type)	<b>SJ-310</b> (4 mN type)
Order No.	mm	<b>178-570-11</b>	<b>178-570-12</b>	<b>178-572-11</b>	<b>178-572-12</b>	<b>178-574-11</b>	<b>178-574-12</b>
	inch/mm	<b>178-571-11</b>	<b>178-571-12</b>	<b>178-573-11</b>	<b>178-573-12</b>	<b>178-575-11</b>	<b>178-575-12</b>
Measuring range	X axis	16.0 mm				5.6 mm	
	Detector	360 μm (-200 μm to +160 μm)					
	Range/Resolution	360 μm/0.02 μm, 100 μm/0.006 μm, 25 μm/0.002 μm					
Measuring force/Stylus tip shape		Depends on the Order No.: 0.75 mN/2 μmR 60° (when the Order No. ends with "-11") 4 mN/5 μmR 90° (when the Order No. ends with "-12")					
Applicable standards		JIS 1982/JIS 1994/JIS 2001/ISO 1997/ANSI/VDA					
Assessed profile		Primary profile, Roughness profile, DF profile, Roughness motif profile, Waviness motif profile					

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Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).

### Compact type all-in-one surface roughness tester has evolved by meeting customer demands

- The color LCD can display not only calculation results and measurement conditions, but also surface roughness waveforms. In addition, bigger character size contributes to visibility.
- Built-in rechargeable battery allows measurement without a mains power supply connection.



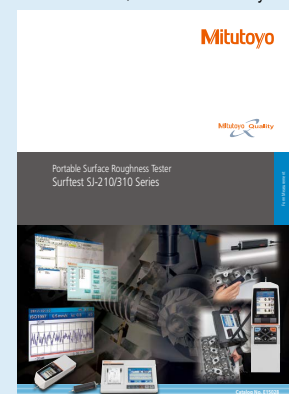
Refer to the Surftest SJ-210/310 Series Brochure (E15028) for more details.

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).

### Advanced handheld tester that is easy to operate and meets a variety of needs

- Equipped with a large, touch-screen color graphic LCD for intuitive operation and excellent ease of use.
- Equipped with a high-speed thermal printer (approx. 1.5 times faster than conventional models) as standard, allows for printing of BAC and ADC curves in addition to calculation results (including pass/fail judgments) and assessment profiles. The printer can also print horizontally to match the content displayed on the LCD, and has an easy-to-understand layout.



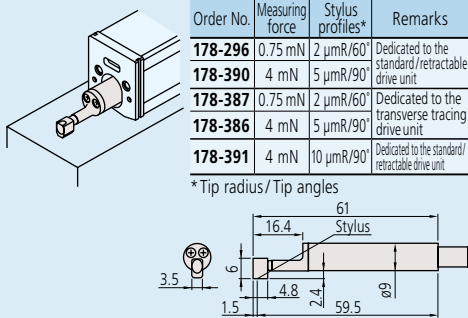
Refer to the Surftest SJ-210/310 Series Brochure (E15028) for more details.



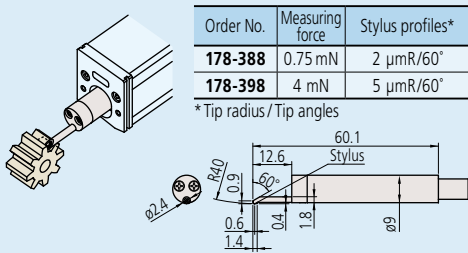
## Optional Accessories for Surftest SJ-210/310

Unit: mm

### • Standard detectors

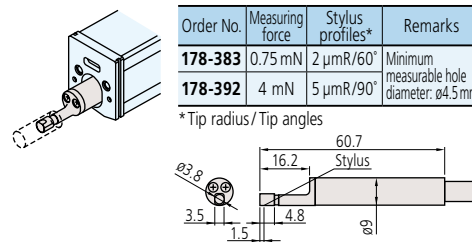


### • Gear-tooth surface detectors

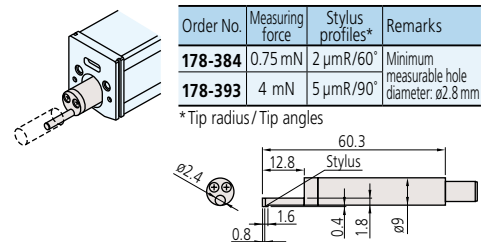


### Detector

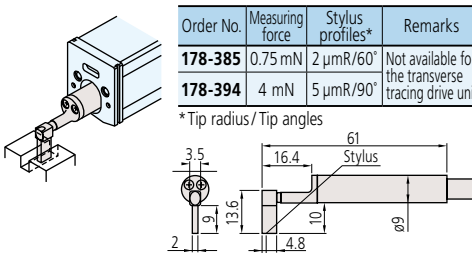
#### • Small hole detectors



#### • Extra small hole detectors

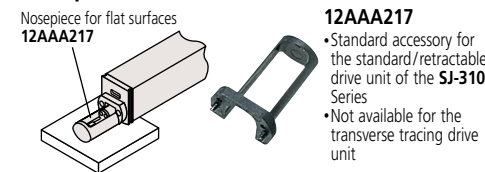


#### • Deep groove detectors



## Optional Accessories for Drive Units

#### • Nosepiece for flat surfaces



#### • Nosepiece for cylindrical surfaces



#### • V-type adapter



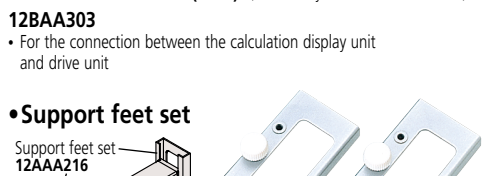
#### • Point-contact adapter



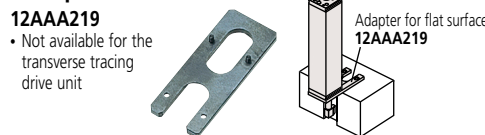
#### • Extension rod (50 mm) (Note: Only one rod can be used.)



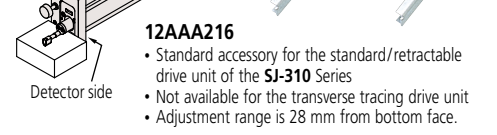
#### • Extension cable (1 m) (Note: Only one rod can be used.)



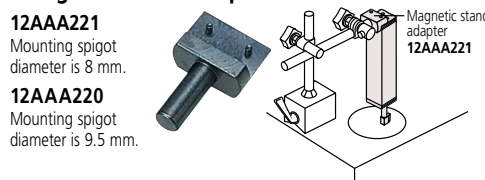
#### • Adapter for flat surface



#### • Support feet set



#### • Magnetic stand adapter



#### • Height gage adapter





# Surftest

Performs brilliantly in many situations such as in the quality control room, on the factory floor and on the production line.

## Surftest SJ-410 SERIES 178 — Compact Surface Roughness Tester

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		SJ-411		SJ-412	
Order No.	mm	178-580-11	178-580-12	178-582-11	178-582-12
	inch/mm	178-581-11	178-581-12	178-583-11	178-583-12
Measuring range	X axis	25 mm		50 mm	
	Z axis (detector)	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm Up to 2,400 μm when using an optional stylus.			
Detector	Detection method	Differential inductance			
	Resolution	0.01 μm (800 μm range), 0.001 μm (80 μm range), 0.0001 μm (8 μm range)			
	Stylus tip shape (Angle/Radius)	60°/2 μm	90°/5 μm	60°/2 μm	90°/5 μm
	Measuring force	0.75 mN	4 mN	0.75 mN	4 mN
	Radius of skid curvature	40 mm			
Drive unit (X axis)	Measuring methods	Skidless/Skidded (switchable)			
	Measuring speed	0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0 mm/s			
	Drive speed	0.5, 1, 2, 5 mm/s			
Up/down inclination unit	Straightness	0.3 μm/25 mm		0.5 μm/50 mm	
	Vertical travel	10 mm			
Applicable standards	Inclination adjustment angle	±1.5°			
		JIS 1982/JIS 1994/JIS 2001/ISO 1997/ANSI/VDA			
Parameter		Ra, Rq, Rz, Ry, Rp, Rv, Rt, R3z, Rsk, Rku, Rc, R Pc, RSm, Rmax*1, Rz1max*2, S, HSC, RzJIS*3, Rppi, R Δ a, R Δ q, Rlr, Rmr, Rmr(c), R σ c, Rk, Rpk, Rvk, Mr1, Mr2, A1, A2, Vo, λ a, λ q, Lo, Rpm, tp*4, Htp*4, R, Rx, AR, W, AW, Wx, Wte Customizable			
Filtered profile		Primary profile, Roughness profile, DF profile, Waviness profile, Roughness motif profile, Waviness motif profile			
Analysis graph		Material ratio curve, Profile height amplitude distribution curve			
Data compensation functions		Parabola, Hyperbola, Ellipse, Circle, Tilt, No compensation			
Filter		2CR, PC75, Gaussian			
Cutoff value	λ c	0.08, 0.25, 0.8, 2.5, 8 mm			
	λ s *5	2.5, 8, 25 μm			
Sampling length		0.08, 0.25, 0.8, 2.5, 8, 25 mm			
Number of intervals		x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, x7, x8, x9, x10, x11, x12, x13, x14, x15, x16, x17, x18, x19, x20			
Arbitrary length		0.1 to 25 mm		0.1 to 50 mm	
Calculation display unit	Customization	Selection of display/evaluation roughness parameter			
	Simplified contour analysis function	Step, Step quantity, Area, Coordinate difference			
	D.A.T. (Digimatic Adjustment Table) function	Helps to level workpiece prior to skidless measurement			
	Real sampling function	Inputs the displacement of the detector while stopping the drive unit			
	statistical processing	Calculates the maximum value, minimum value, average value, standard deviation, pass rate and histogram for each parameter.			
	Judgment*6	Maximum value rule, 16 % rule, mean value rule, standard deviation (1σ, 2σ, 3σ)			
	Storing measurement condition	Max. 10 (calculation display unit)			
	Print function (Built-in thermal printer)	Measurement condition/Calculation result/Judgment result/Calculation result per segment/Tolerance value/Evaluation curve/Graphic curve/Material ratio curve/Profile height amplitude distribution curve/Environmental setting items/Statistical result (Histogram)			
	Display language	16 languages (Japanese, English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Korean, Chinese (simplified/traditional), Czech, Polish, Hungarian,Turkish, Swedish, Dutch)			
	Storage function	Built-in memory: Measurement condition (Up to 10) Memory card (optional): 500 measurement conditions, 10000 measured profiles, 500 display images, 10000 text files, 500 statistical data, 1 backup file of device setting data, 10 data of Trace 10			
External I/O functions	USB I/F, Digimatic output, RS-232C I/F, Foot switch I/F				
Power supply	Battery	Built-in battery (rechargeable Ni-MH battery)/AC adapter			
	Charging time/Endurance	Charging time of the built-in battery: about 4 hours (may vary due to ambient temperature) Endurance: about 1000 measurements (differs slightly due to use conditions/environment)			
External dimensions (WxDxH)	Max. power consumption	50 W			
	Calculation display unit	275x198x109 mm			
	Up/down inclination unit	130.9x63x99 mm			
Mass	Drive unit	128x35.8x46.6 mm		154.5x35.8x46.6 mm	
	Calculation display unit	1.7 kg			
	Up/down inclination unit	0.4 kg			
Standard Accessories	Drive unit	0.6 kg		0.64 kg	
		Detector*7/Standard stylus*8 178-601 Roughness specimen (Ra3 μm) 270732 Receipt paper (Standard type: 5-roll set) 12BAL402 Protective sheet for the LCD (x1 sheet) 12BAS07 Touch pen 12AAN041 Carrying case		AC adapter, Power cable, Flat-blade screwdriver, Phillips screwdriver, Hex wrench, Strap for the touch pen, Operation manual, One-sheet manual, Warranty card	

\*1 Calculation is available only when selecting the VDA, ANSI, or JIS 1982 standards.

\*2 Calculation is available only when selecting the ISO 1997 standard. \*3 Calculation is available only when selecting the JIS 2001 standard.

\*4 Calculation is available only when selecting the ANSI standard. \*5 Not available when selecting the JIS 1982 standard.

\*6 Only the mean value rule is available for the ANSI standard. 16 % rule is not available when selecting the VDA standard.

\*7 Depending on the Order No. of the SJ-410 Series main unit, **178-396** or **178-397** is provided as standard.

\*8 Standard stylus (**12AAC731** or **12AAB403**) supporting the provided detector is provided as standard.

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Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).

An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

### Dramatic improvement on compact type surface roughness testers

- Equipped with a large, touch-screen color graphic LCD to achieve both intuitive operation and high operability.
- Skidless and skidless measurement are switchable to perform optimum evaluation according to the measurement setup.
- A wide-range, high-resolution detector and a very accurate drive unit provide superior high-accuracy measurement in its class.

#### • Detector

Measuring range: 800 µm

Resolution: 0.0001 µm (when the measuring range is 8 µm)

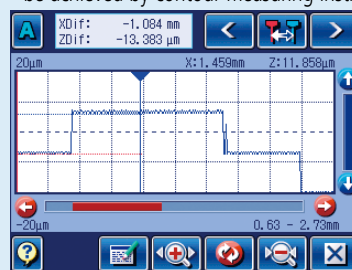
#### • Drive unit

Straightness/Drive length: 0.3 µm/25 mm (**SJ-411**)

Straightness/Drive length: 0.5 µm/50 mm (**SJ-412**)

- Simplified contour analysis (Step, Step quantity, Area, Coordinate difference) is available using the point cloud data collected to evaluate the surface roughness.

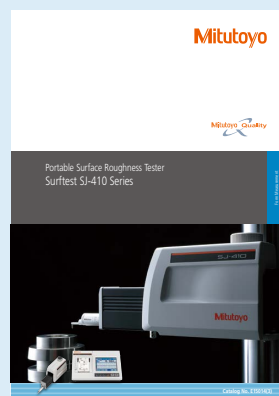
Allows the evaluation of detailed shapes that cannot be achieved by contour measuring instruments.



- Allows the evaluation of surface roughness in a circumferential direction using the skidless measurement and R-surface compensation functions.
- Conforms to the latest ISO standard and ANSI/VDA standard in addition to the JIS standard (2001/1994/1982).
- Achieves the performance of a desktop type surface roughness tester in combination with the simplified stand and associated optional accessories.

#### Optional Accessories for SJ-410 Consumables

- Receipt paper Standard type (5-roll set) **270732**
- Receipt paper High-durability paper (5-roll set) **12AAA876**
- Protective sheet for the touch panel (x10 sheets) **12AAN040**
- Memory card (2 GB) **12AAW452**



Refer to the Surftest **SJ-410** Series Brochure (**E15014**) for more details.



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## High precision and high performance type surface roughness tester with a dedicated control unit, offering a user-friendly display and simple operation.

- Equipped with a 7.5-inch, color TFT LCD, color icons and touch panel controls, the display unit is easy to read and simple to operate.
- A built-in joystick on the control unit allows quick and easy positioning. The manual adjustment knob allows fine positioning of a small stylus for measuring small holes.
- In addition to the roughness parameters compliant with ISO/JIS/ANSI/VDA surface roughness standards, contour analysis is also available.

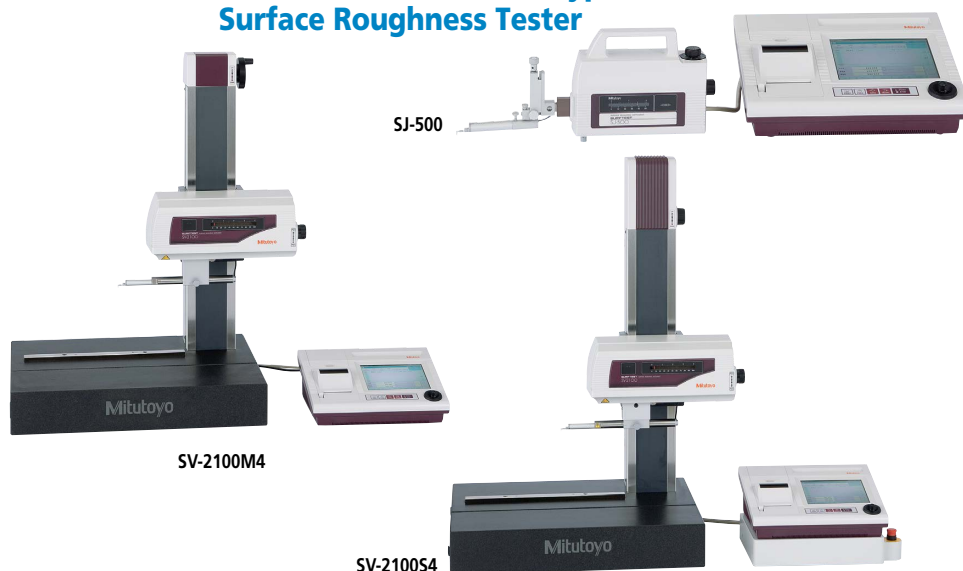
## SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		SJ-500	SV-2100M4* <sup>1</sup>	SV-2100S4* <sup>1</sup>	SV-2100H4* <sup>1</sup>	SV-2100W4* <sup>1</sup>
Stand type		(Optional)* <sup>2</sup>	Manual stand	Motorized stand		
Measuring range	Z1 axis (detector)	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm				
	X axis	50 mm	100 mm			
Resolution	X axis	0.05 μm				
	Z1 axis (detector)	0.01 μm (800 μm), 0.001 μm (80 μm), 0.0001 μm (8 μm)				
	Z2 axis (column)	—	—	1 μm		
Assessed profile		Primary profile, Roughness profile, Waviness profile, DF profile, Roughness motif profile, Waviness motif profile				

\*<sup>1</sup> While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

\*<sup>2</sup> Stand for SJ-500 is optional.

## Surftest SJ-500/SV-2100 SERIES 178 — Dedicated Control Unit Type Surface Roughness Tester



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## A superior data processing tester with PC data analysis for higher efficiency.

## Surftest SJ-500P/SV-2100M4 Data Processing Unit (PC) Surface Roughness Testers



SV-2100M4 (PC type)

## FORMTRACEPAK: Best-selling Surface Roughness Analysis Program

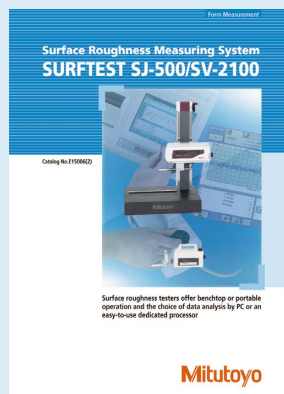
Best-selling dedicated software for surface roughness measurement and analysis. Features a flexible printer format and creation of an original inspection certificate.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Type of data processing unit	PC type	
Model No.	SJ-500P	SV-2100M4* <sup>2</sup>
Elevating shaft mechanism of stand	—* <sup>1</sup>	Manual operation only
Measuring range	X axis Z1 axis (detector)	50 mm 800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm
Z2-axis (column) travel range	—	350 mm
Resolution	X axis Z1 axis (detector) Z2 axis (column)	0.05 μm 0.01 μm (800 μm), 0.001 μm (80 μm), 0.0001 μm (8 μm) —
Applicable standards	JIS 1982/JIS 1994/JIS 2001/ISO 1997/ANSI/VDA	
Assessed profile	Primary profile, Roughness profile, Waviness profile, Filtered waviness profile, Rolling circle waviness profile, Rolling circle center line waviness profile, Envelope residual profile, DIN4776 profile, Roughness motif profile, Waviness motif profile	

\*<sup>1</sup> The simplified stand or manual column stand is available as an optional accessory.

\*<sup>2</sup> While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



Refer to the Surftest SJ-500/SV-2100 Brochure (E15006) for more details.

# Surftest

Performs brilliantly in many situations such as in the quality control room, on the factory floor and on the production line.

## Surftest Extreme SV-3000CNC/SV-M3000CNC SERIES 178 — CNC Surface Roughness Testers

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An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.



**SV-3000CNC**  
(Inclinable drive unit + Y-axis table)



**SV-M3000CNC**  
(Surface Roughness Tester with built-in Y axis.)  
(The photo represents a special specification model.)

### SV-3000CNC SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			SV-3000CNC
X1 axis (drive unit)	Measuring range		200 mm
	Resolution		0.05 $\mu$ m
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s
		Joystick mode	0 to 50 mm/s
	Measuring speed		0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0 mm/s
	Measuring direction		Backward
Y axis (table)	Straightness		0.5 $\mu$ m/200 mm
	Measuring range		200 mm
	Resolution		0.05 $\mu$ m
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s
		Joystick mode	0 to 50 mm/s
Z2 axis (column)	Maximum table loading		20 kg
	Travel range	Z2 axis (column, type <b>S</b> )	300 mm
		Z2 axis (column, type <b>H</b> )	500 mm
	Resolution		0.05 $\mu$ m
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder
Base unit	Base size (widthxdepth)	Drive speed	CNC mode Max. 200 mm/s Joystick mode 0 to 50 mm/s
		Base material	Granite

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

### SV-M3000CNC SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			SV-M3000CNC
X1 axis (drive unit)	Measuring range		200 mm
	Resolution		0.05 μm
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s
		Joystick mode	0 to 50 mm/s
	Measuring speed		0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0 mm/s
Z2 axis (column)	Straightness	When using a standard detector	0.5 μm/200 mm
	Measuring range		500 mm
	Resolution		0.05 μm
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s
Joystick mode		0 to 50 mm/s	
Y axis	Measuring range		800 mm
	Resolution		0.05 μm
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s
		Joystick mode	0 to 50 mm/s
	Measuring speed		0.02 to 2 mm/s
	Straightness	When using a standard detector holder	Narrow range
Wide range			2 μm/800 mm
Base unit	Base size (width×depth)		600×1500 mm
	Base material		Steel
	Maximum table loading		300 kg

- The X1, Y and Z2 axes have a maximum drive speed of 200 mm/s.  
This permits high-speed positioning that can potentially result in a large increase in the throughput of multiple-profile/multiple-workpiece measurement tasks.
- Capable of inclined plane measurement through 2 axis simultaneous control in X and Y.
- Models equipped with the  $\alpha$  axis allow continuous measurement on horizontal and inclined surfaces by power-tilting the X1 axis.
- It is possible to expand the measuring range for multiple workpieces through positioning in Y.
- All connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument to eliminate any inconvenience during measurement.
- Since the Z1-axis detector incorporates an anti-collision safety device, the detector unit will automatically stop if it touches a workpiece or fixture.
- Surftest Extreme **SV-M3000CNC** (CNC Surface Roughness Tester with a movable Y-axis table) that handles measurement of large/heavy workpieces, such as engine blocks or crankshafts, is also available.
- Optional external control function (Ext I/O) through bidirectional communication (RS-232C) with the PLC (programmable logic controller) is available.



Refer to the CNC Form Measuring Instrument Series Brochure (**E15021**) for more details.





An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## Contour Measuring System enabling measurement that is fast, accurate, and easy.

- The operation flow is significantly shortened by arranging the controls for stylus position change, measurement start/stop and return on the front of the drive unit.



Centralized front control panel

- Fine and coarse X-axis positioning can be performed easily by using the jog shuttle that covers the whole measuring range.



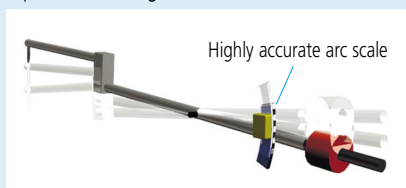
Motor-driven jog shuttle

- The quick-vertical-motion stand allows operators to swiftly and easily move the drive unit and from the measurement height without having to push or pull (only for CV-2100M4).

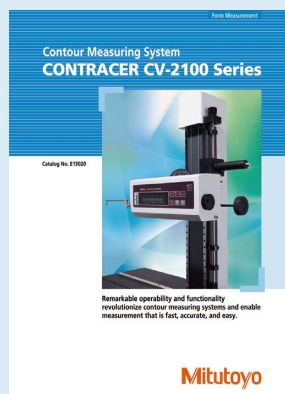


Quick-vertical-motion stand

- The detector unit (Z1 axis) is equipped with a highly accurate arc scale. This scale directly tracks the arc locus of the stylus tip so that the most accurate compensation can be applied to the scale output, which leads to higher accuracy and resolution. Operators are free from bothersome operations such as measurement magnification switching and calibrating each magnification as required for analog instruments.



Highly accurate arc scale



Refer to the Contracer CV-2100 Series Brochure (E15020) for more details.

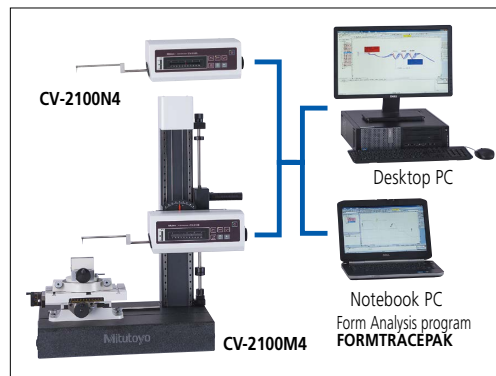
# Contracer

High precision + High-function + High operability = Contracer

## Contracer CV-2100 SERIES 218 — Contour Measuring Instruments



CV-2100M4



CV-2100N4

CV-2100M4

Desktop PC

Notebook PC  
Form Analysis program  
FORMTRACEPAK

## Optional Column Stand for CV-2100N4

- Allows the use of the CV-2100N4 in a fixed configuration.

### 218-042

Base material: Granite

Inclination range:  $\pm 45^\circ$

Vertical travel: 320 mm

Mass: 110 kg

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



## SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		CV-2100M4	CV-2100N4
Measuring range	X axis	100 mm	
	Z1 axis (detector unit)	50 mm	
Z2-axis (column) travel range		350 mm	—
X-axis inclination angle		$\pm 45^\circ$	—
Resolution	X axis	0.1 $\mu\text{m}$	
	Z1 axis	0.1 $\mu\text{m}$	
Drive method	X axis	Motor (0 to 20 mm/s)	
	Vertical travel (Z-axis column)	Manual (Quick-vertical-motion, fine)	—
Measuring speed		0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0 mm/s	
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)		2.5 $\mu\text{m}/100\text{ mm}$	
Accuracy (20 °C)	X axis	$\pm(2.5+0.02L)\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ L = Measurement Length (mm)	
	Z1 axis	$\pm(2.5+[0.1H])\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ H = Measurement height from horizontal position within $\pm 25\text{ mm}$	
Measuring direction		Both pulling and pushing directions	
Measuring face direction		Downward direction	
Measuring force		30 $\pm$ 10 mN (3 gf)	
Traceable angle (using the standard stylus)		Ascent 77°, Descent 87° (according to surface property)	
External dimensions (WxDxH)		745x450x885 mm	651x143x138.5 mm
Mass		145.8 kg	5.8 kg

Note 1: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

Note 2: For the CV-2100N4, a manual column stand (optionally available) or custom fixture is required.

# Formtracer

Hybrid machine with dual-role capability

## FORMTRACER Avant S3000 Series SERIES 178 — Surface Texture Measuring Instruments

**MeasurLink® ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



FTA-S4S3000



Large sized base models and high-column models are added to the line-up.



Remote box with user-friendly operability



Detector holder (optional)

**MeasurLink® ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).

An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

- **FORMTRACER Avant S3000 Series** are highly functional and user-friendly surface roughness measuring systems with innovative design features.
- **The FORMTRACER Avant S3000 Series** includes models with inclined drive unit. Inclining the drive unit makes it easier to approach target surfaces and measure large workpieces.
- Equipped with an operability focused, new style remote box. The new part program key strongly supports manual part-programming.
- High throughput is achieved thanks to high drive speed (X axis: Max. 80 mm/s, Z2 axis: Max. 30 mm/s) and acceleration (X axis: 30 mm/s<sup>2</sup>).
- All connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument to eliminate any inconvenience during measurement.
- The Z1-axis detector is equipped with a built-in anti-collision safety device.
- A variety of detector holders (optional) are available.
- A detector for measuring contours can be retrofitted.



Inclined drive unit



Refer to the **FORMTRACER Avant Series Brochure (E15030)** for more details.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		FTA-S4S3000	FTA-H4S3000	FTA-W4S3000	FTA-L4S3000	FTA-S8S3000	FTA-H8S3000	FTA-W8S3000	FTA-L8S3000
Measuring range	X axis	100 mm				200 mm			
	Z1 axis	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm							
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)		(0.05+0.001L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.1+0.002L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)			
X-axis inclination angle		±45° (Only for models with X-axis inclining drive unit)							
Z2-axis (column) travel range		300 mm	500 mm	700 mm	300 mm	500 mm	700 mm		
Base size (WxD)		60x450 mm		1000x450 mm		600x450 mm		1000x450 mm	
Base material		Granite							

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## FORMTRACER Avant C3000/4000 Series SERIES 218 — Surface Texture Measuring Instruments

MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

- **FORMTRACER Avant C3000/4000 Series** are highly functional and user-friendly contour measuring systems with innovative design features.
- **FORMTRACER Avant C3000/4000 Series** comes with the inclined drive unit as standard, making approach to the target surface and measurement of large workpieces much easier.
- Equipped with an operability focused, new style remote box. The new part program key strongly supports manual part-programming.
- High throughput is achieved thanks to high drive speed (X axis: Max. 80 mm/s, Z2 axis: Max. 30 mm/s) and acceleration (X axis: 30 mm/s<sup>2</sup>).
- All connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument to eliminate any inconvenience during measurement.
- The Z1-axis detector is equipped with a built-in anti-collision safety device.
- A detector for measuring contours can be retrofitted.
- The arm of the detector is a user-friendly, magnetic, one-touch, detachable mechanism.
- **C4000** type is a highly functional contour measuring system that has a wide-range digital detector (measuring range: 60 mm), top/bottom plane continuous measurement function, automatic variable measuring force function, and stylus drop detection function.



Inclined drive unit



FTA-S4C3000



FTA-S4C4000



Large sized base models and high-column models are added to the line-up.

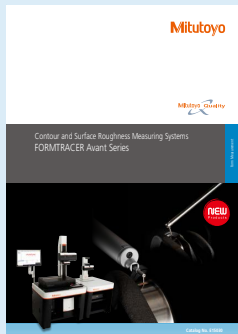


Remote box with user-friendly operability



For C3000

Detector



Refer to the **FORMTRACER Avant Series Brochure (E15030)** for more details.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		FTA-S4C3000	FTA-H4C3000	FTA-W4C3000	FTA-L4C3000	FTA-S8C3000	FTA-H8C3000	FTA-W8C3000	FTA-L8C3000
		FTA-S4C4000	FTA-H4C4000	FTA-W4C4000	FTA-L4C4000	FTA-S8C4000	FTA-H8C4000	FTA-W8C4000	FTA-L8C4000
Measuring range	X axis	100 mm				200 mm			
	Z1 axis	60 mm (±30 mm in horizontal situation)							
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)		0.8 μm/100 mm				2 μm/200 mm			
Accuracy (20 °C)	<b>C3000</b>	X axis (0.8+0.01L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.8+0.015L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)			
		Z1 axis (detector unit) ±(1.2+ 2H /100) μm H = Measurement height from the horizontal position (mm)							
	<b>C4000</b>	X axis (0.8+0.01L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.8+0.015L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)			
		Z1 axis (detector unit) ±(0.8+ 2H /100) μm H = Measurement height from the horizontal position (mm)							
X-axis inclination angle		±45°							
Z2-axis (column) travel range		300 mm	500 mm		700 mm	300 mm	500 mm		700 mm
Base size (WxD)		600x450 mm		1000x450 mm		600x450 mm		1000x450 mm	
Base material		Granite							

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



# Formtracer

Hybrid machine with dual-role capability

## FORMTRACER Avant D3000/4000 Series SERIES 525 — Surface Texture Measuring Instruments

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.



**FTA-S4D3000**  
(Detector for surface roughness measurement equipped, with monitor arm)

**FTA-S4D3000**  
(Detector for form/contour measurement equipped, with monitor arm)



Large sized base models and high-column models are added to the line-up.



Inclined drive unit



Connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument.



Remote box with user-friendly operability



Detector holder (optional)



Detector

- **FORMTRACER Avant D3000/4000 Series** are highly functional and user-friendly surface roughness and contour measuring systems with innovative design features. Both surface roughness measurement and contour measurement are available on a single system just by replacing the detector.
- The contour/roughness detector can be replaced without turning off the controller power and without using any tool. Furthermore, the detector is recognized automatically.
- **FORMTRACER Avant D Series** comes with the inclined drive unit as standard, making approach to the target surface and measurement of large workpieces much easier.
- Equipped with an operability focused, new style remote box. The new part program key strongly supports manual part-programming.
- High throughput is achieved thanks to high drive speed (X axis: Max. 80 mm/s, Z2 axis: Max. 30 mm/s) and acceleration (X axis: 30 mm/s<sup>2</sup>).
- All connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument to eliminate any inconvenience during measurement.
- The Z1-axis detector is equipped with a built-in anti-collision safety device.
- A detector for measuring contours can be retrofitted.
- The arm of the detector for contour measurement is a magnetic, one-touch, detachable mechanism.
- **D4000 type** is a highly functional contour measuring system with a digital detector (measuring range: 60 mm) that enables wide range measurement, top/bottom plane continuous measurement function, automatic variable measuring force function, and stylus drop detection function.

Mitutoyo



Refer to the **FORMTRACER Avant Series Brochure (E15030)** for more details.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		FTA-S4D3000	FTA-H4D3000	FTA-W4D3000	FTA-L4D3000	FTA-S8D3000	FTA-H8D3000	FTA-W8D3000	FTA-L8D3000	
		FTA-S4D4000	FTA-H4D4000	FTA-W4D4000	FTA-L4D4000	FTA-S8D4000	FTA-H8D4000	FTA-W8D4000	FTA-L8D4000	
Surface roughness measurement										
Measuring range	X axis	100 mm				200 mm				
	Z1 axis	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm								
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)		(0.05+0.001L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.1+0.002L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				
Contour measurement										
Measuring range	X axis	100 mm				200 mm				
	Z1 axis	60 mm (±30 mm in horizontal situation)								
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)		0.8 μm/100 mm				2 μm/200 mm				
Accuracy (20 °C)	D3000	X axis	(0.8+0.01L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.8+0.015L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)			
		Z1 axis (detector unit)	±(1.2+ 2H /100) μm H = Measurement height from the horizontal position (mm)							
	D4000	X axis	(0.8+0.01L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.8+0.015L) μm L = Measurement Length (mm)			
		Z1 axis (detector unit)	±(0.8+ 2H /100) μm H = Measurement height from the horizontal position (mm)							
Common specifications										
X-axis inclination angle		±45°								
Z2-axis (column) travel range		300 mm	500 mm	700 mm	300 mm	500 mm	700 mm			
Base size (WxD)		600x450 mm		1000x450 mm		600x450 mm		1000x450 mm		
Base material		Granite								

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## CS-3300 Series SERIES 525 — Surface Texture Measuring Instruments

MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

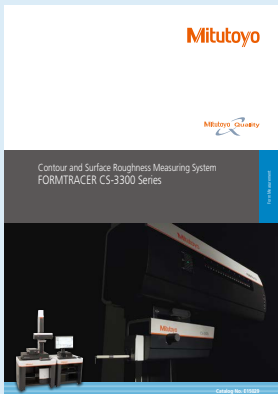
- **CS-3300 Series** are highly functional and user-friendly surface roughness and contour measuring systems with innovative design features.
- Large sized base models and high-column models are newly added to the line-up.
- Equipped with a wide range and high resolution Z1-axis detector.
- **CS-3300 Series** comes with the inclined drive unit as standard, making approach to the target surface and measurement of large workpieces much easier.
- Equipped with an operability focused, new style remote box. The new part program key strongly supports manual part-programming.
- High throughput is achieved thanks to high drive speed (X axis: Max. 80 mm/s, Z2 axis: Max. 30 mm/s).
- All connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument to eliminate any inconvenience during measurement.
- The Z1-axis detector is equipped with a built-in anti-collision safety device.



CS-3300H8



CS-3300H8  
(With monitor arm)



Refer to the **FORMTRACER Avant CS-3300 Series** Brochure (E15029) for more details.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			CS-3300S4	CS-3300H4	CS-3300W4	CS-3300L4	CS-3300S8	CS-3300H8	CS-3300W8	CS-3300L8
Measuring range	X axis		100 mm				200 mm			
	Z1 axis		5 mm (±2.5 mm in horizontal situation)							
Straightness (when the X axis is horizontal)			0.2 μm/100 mm				0.8 μm/200 mm			
Accuracy (20 °C)	X axis		±(0.8+0.01L) μm   L = Measurement Length (mm)				(0.8+0.015L) μm   L = Measurement Length (mm)			
	Z1 axis (detector unit)		±(1.5+2H/100) μm   H = Measurement height from the horizontal position (mm)							
Detector (Z1 axis)	Detection method		Differential inductance							
	Measuring force		0.75 mN							
	Stylus tip	Standard	Tip radius 2 μm, Tip angle 60°, Diamond (surface roughness/contour)							
		Cone	Tip radius 25 μm, Tip angle 30°, Sapphire (contour)							
	Stylus up/down		Available (stoppable at mid-stroke if required)							
X-axis inclination angle			±45°							
ZZ-axis (column) travel range			300 mm	500 mm		700 mm	300 mm	500 mm		700 mm
Base size (WxD)			600×450 mm		1000×450 mm		600×450 mm		1000×450 mm	
Base material			Granite							

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.



Inclinable drive unit



Detector sliding mechanism



Connecting cables are contained within the measuring instrument.

# Formtracer

Hybrid machine with dual-role capability

## Formtracer Extreme SV-C4500CNC/SV-C4500CNC HYBRID TYPE1 SERIES 525 — CNC Surface Roughness and Contour Measuring Systems

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



**SV-C4500CNC** (Contour detector shown mounted together with the inclinable drive unit and Y-axis table)



**SV-C4500CNC HYBRID TYPE1**  
(Mounting example of non-contact detector)

### SV-C4500CNC SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		SV-C4500CNC	
X1 axis (Drive unit)		Measuring range	200 mm
		Resolution	0.05 μm
		Scale type	Reflective-type linear encoder
	Contour	Straightness	2 μm/200 mm
		Accuracy (20 °C)	±(0.8+4L/200) μm L: Measuring length (mm)
		Surface roughness	Straightness
Z1 axis (Detector)	Contour	Measuring range	60 mm (±30 mm from the horizontal)
		Resolution	0.02 μm
		Scale type	Arc
	Surface roughness	Accuracy (20 °C)	±(0.8+ 2H /100) μm H: Measuring height from horizontal position (mm)
		Measuring range	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm
		Resolution	0.01 μm, 0.001 μm, 0.0001 μm
Z2 axis (Column)	Drive range	Specification is selectable from 300 mm or 500 mm.	
	Resolution	0.05 μm	

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

### SV-C4500CNC HYBRID TYPE1 SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.		SV-C4500CNC HYBRID TYPE1	
X1 axis (Drive unit)	Contour	Measuring range	200 mm
		Resolution	0.05 μm
		Scale type	Reflective-type linear encoder
	Surface roughness	Straightness (20 °C)	2 μm/200 mm
		Accuracy	±(0.8+4L/200) μm L: Measuring length (mm)
		Straightness	0.5 μm/200 mm
Non-contact type	Straightness	0.5 μm/200 mm	
	Accuracy	±(0.8+4L/200) μm L: Measuring length (mm)	
Y axis		Measuring range	200 mm
		Resolution	0.05 μm
		Maximum table loading	20 kg
Z1 axis	Contour	Measuring range	60 mm (±30 mm from the horizontal)
		Resolution	0.02 μm
		Scale type	Arc
		Accuracy (20 °C)	±(0.8+ 2H /100) μm H: Measuring height from horizontal position (mm)
	Surface roughness	Measuring range	800 μm, 80 μm, 8 μm
		Resolution	0.01 μm, 0.001 μm, 0.0001 μm
	Non-contact type detector <b>CPS2525</b> *1	Measuring range	1.2 mm
		Resolution	25 nm
	Non-contact type detector <b>CPS0517</b> *1	Measuring range	0.1 mm
Resolution		5 nm	
Z2 axis		Drive range	500 mm
		Resolution	0.05 μm

<sup>\*1</sup> Select either CPS2525 or CPS0517.

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone measuring table varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

### SV-C4500CNC

- High-accuracy stylus type CNC Surface Roughness/Contour Measuring System that allows measurement of surface roughness and form/contour with one unit through detector replacement.
- For models with the  $\alpha$  axis, it is possible to perform continuous measurement over horizontal and inclined surfaces by power-tilting the X1 axis. In addition, automatic measuring force adjustment function of Z1-axis detector for contour measurement enables automatic measurement with constant measuring force even with the X1-axis tilted.
- For models with the Y-axis table, it is possible to expand the measuring range for multiple workpieces through positioning in the Y-axis direction.
- Since the Z1-axis detector incorporates an anti-collision safety device, the machine will automatically stop if the detector touches a workpiece or jig.
- Optional external control function (Ext I/O) through bidirectional communication (RS-232C) with the PLC (programmable logic controller) is available.

### SV-C4500CNC HYBRID TYPE1

- CNC Surface Roughness/Contour Measuring System equipped with a non-contact type detector as well as a contact type surface roughness contour measuring detector.
- Equipped with the Y-axis table, it is possible to expand the measuring range for multiple workpieces through positioning in the Y-axis direction.
- Since the Z1-axis detector incorporates an anti-collision safety device, the machine will automatically stop if the detector touches a workpiece or jig.
- Optional external control function (Ext I/O) through bidirectional communication (RS-232C) with the PLC (programmable logic controller) is available.





An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## Formtracer Extreme CS-5000CNC/CS-H5000CNC SERIES 525 — CNC Surface Roughness and Contour Measuring Systems

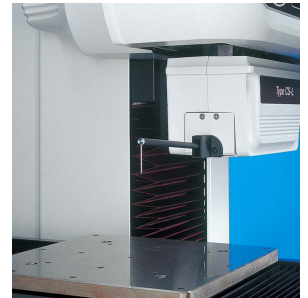
MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED

Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

- High-accuracy stylus type CNC Surface Measuring System that allows batch measurement of surface roughness and form/contour.
- The X1 and Z2 axes have maximum drive speeds of 40 mm/s and 200 mm/s, respectively. This permits high-speed positioning that can potentially result in a large increase in the throughput of multiple-profile/multiple-workpiece measurement tasks.
- The high resolution linear encoder is incorporated in the X1 and Z1 axes so that high resolution is achieved and batch measurement of form/contour and surface roughness can be made.
- The active control method is employed for the Z1-axis detector to implement a wide-range measurement capability wherein the variation in dynamic measuring force is restricted.
- Since the Z1-axis detector incorporates an anti-collision safety device, the detector unit will automatically stop if it touches a workpiece or fixture.
- For models with the  $\alpha$  axis, it is possible to perform continuous measurement over horizontal and inclined surfaces by power-tilting the X1 axis. (CS-5000CNC only)
- For models with the Y-axis table, it is possible to expand the measuring range for multiple workpieces through positioning in the Y-axis direction.
- Optional external control function (Ext I/O) through bidirectional communication (RS-232C) with the PLC (programmable logic controller) is available.



CS-H5000CNC  
(with Y-axis table)



Wide-range detector employing active control technology

### SPECIFICATIONS

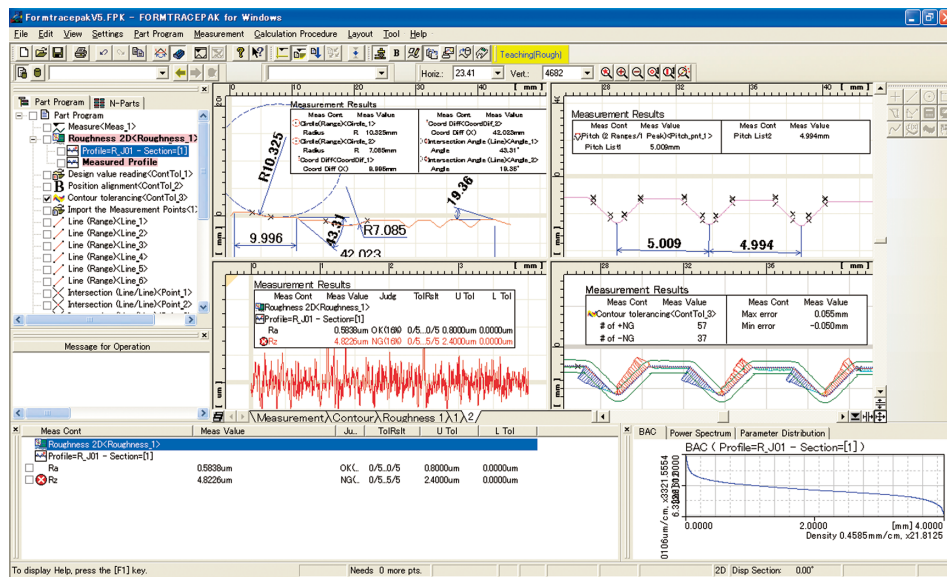
Model No.			CS-5000CNC		CS-H5000CNC	
X1 axis	Measuring range		200 mm			
	Resolution		0.005 μm			
	Scale type		Transmission-type linear encoder			
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 40 mm/s			
		Joystick mode	0 to 40 mm/s			
	Measuring speed		0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2 mm/s (surface roughness), 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0 mm/s (form/contour)			
	Measuring direction		Forward/backward			
	Straightness	with standard stylus	(0.1+0.0015L) μm L: traverse length (mm)		(0.05+0.0003L) μm L: traverse length (mm)	
with 2X-long stylus		(0.2+0.0015L) μm L: traverse length (mm)		(0.1+0.0015L) μm L: traverse length (mm)		
α axis	Accuracy (20 °C)		±(0.3+0.002L) μm L: traverse length (mm)		±(0.16+0.001L) μm L: traverse length (mm)	
	Inclination range		-45° (CCW), +10° (CW)		—	
Z1 axis (Detector)	Measuring range	with standard stylus	12 mm			
		with 2X-long stylus	24 mm			
	Resolution	with standard stylus	0.0008 μm			
		with 2X-long stylus	0.0016 μm			
	Vertical movement of the stylus		Arc motion			
	Scale type		Transmission-type linear encoder			
	Accuracy (20 °C)		±(0.3+ 0.02H ) μm H: probing height (mm)		±(0.07+ 0.02H ) μm H: probing height (mm)	
	Measuring force	with standard stylus	4 mN (Fixed)			
		with 2X-long stylus	0.75 mN (Fixed)			
	Traceable angle		Ascent: 60°, Descent: 60° (Depends on the surface texture.)			
	Stylus tip shape	Standard stylus	Tip radius: 5 μm, Tip angle: 40°, Diamond			
		Standard ball stylus	Tip ball radius: 0.25 mm, Sapphire			
		2X-long stylus	Tip radius: 5 μm, Tip angle: 40°, Diamond			
		2X-long stylus	—		Tip radius: 2 μm, Tip angle: 60°, Diamond tip	
2X-long ball stylus		Tip ball radius: 0.25 mm, Sapphire				
Face of stylus		Downward				
Z2 axis (Column)	Travel range	Z2 axis (column, type S)	300 mm			
		Z2 axis (column, type H)	500 mm			
	Resolution		0.05 μm			
	Scale type		Reflective-type linear encoder			
	Drive speed	CNC mode	Max. 200 mm/s			
Joystick mode		0 to 50 mm/s				
Base	Base size (WxD)		750×600 mm			
	Base material		Granite			

Note: While the appearance of the natural stone base varies according to the source, the high stability for which this material is known can always be relied upon.

# Formtracer

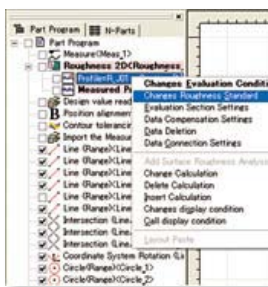
Hybrid machine with dual-role capability

## Surface Roughness/Contour Analysis Program FORMTRACEPAK

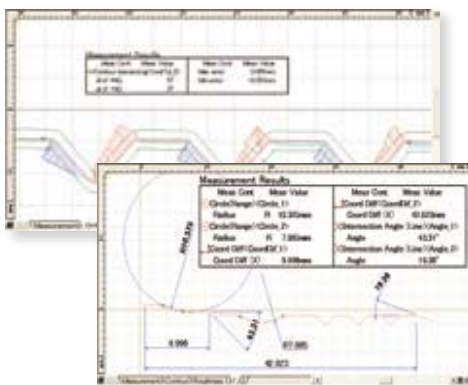


### • Editing measurement procedures

The items displayed in the measurement procedure window can be directly modified. You can, for example, perform new analyses by modifying the evaluation setup or roughness standard.



### • Versatile graphics windowing for data and analysis



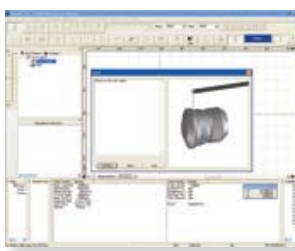
### • Operation messaging

The operation message window for explaining the next step is incorporated.



### • Measurement control

To make only a single measurement, you can create a part program in the single mode. To measure multiple workpieces of an identical shape, you can use the teaching mode. Since you can embed the entire flow, from making measurement to printing a report, into a part program, you can efficiently make measurements, analyze data, and output a report. A function is also provided that enables you to insert comments accompanied with photographs at desired timings, enabling you to embed the roles described in a measurement procedure document that specifies important points such as work settings. To make immediate measurements, you can use the pull-down menu to easily select and call up the desired operating procedure.

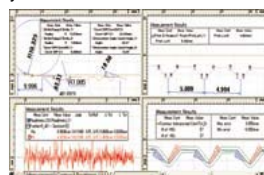


### Tab-selection graphics window

Just select a tab to display the measurement data required, such as contour, roughness, or tolerancing results.

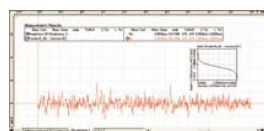
### Dividing the screen into two or four windows

The screen can be divided into two, or four, windows for the convenient display of measurement data (for contour and roughness), analysis results, and contour tolerancing data, as required.

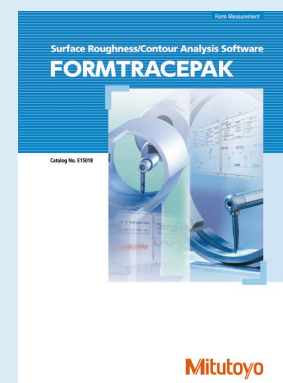


### Displaying the results in the graphics window

You can paste the graphics obtained from measurements, as well as measurement values (including pass/fail results) and an analysis graph, into the graphics window. This enables you to check the graphics and measurement results at a glance using the graphics window alone.



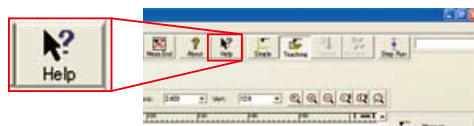
- **FORMTRACEPAK** functions offer total support for controlling the measurement system, surface roughness analysis, contour analysis, contour tolerancing, and inspection report creation.



Refer to the **FORMTRACEPAK** Brochure (E15018) for more details.

### • Online help functions

Online help that can be viewed any time is incorporated into the software. In addition to index and keyword searches, a status-saving help button, which displays menus and Windows help with a click of the mouse, is provided.



### • Button-editing function

You can hide buttons that are not used frequently. For example, you can choose to display only those buttons that are used frequently and increase the size of the displayed graphics window, thereby customizing the window to suit your needs.



### • Multiple language support (18 languages)

You can switch the language to be used in the measurement, analysis, and layout windows. After measurements have been made, you can switch to another language and create a report in that language. This function can be used worldwide.

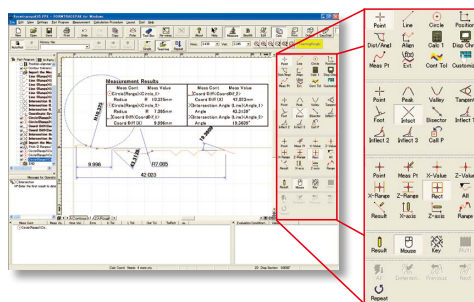
### • Simple statistical commands

You can perform statistical calculations of roughness parameters and contour analysis results without using a separate program such as Excel.

## Contour measurement

### • Contour analysis

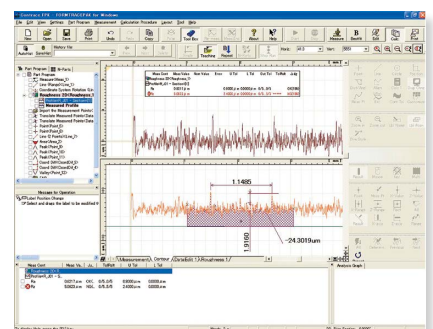
A wide variety of commands, which form the basic elements for analysis, are provided, including those for points (10 types), lines (6 types) and circles (6 types). A rich set of commands that combine these elements to calculate angles, pitches and distances as well as performing contour tolerancing and design value generation are also provided as standard features. These functions, combined with the function that enables you to customize the calculation command buttons by hiding less frequently used commands, help you to tailor the window according to the user's environment.



## Surface roughness measurement

### • Surface roughness analysis

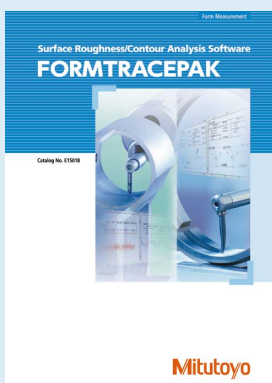
**FORMTRACEPAK** can perform surface roughness analyses that conform to various standards such as ISO, JIS, ANSI and VDA. For comparing measurement values with the tolerance limits, you can use the 16 % rule or the maximum value rule. Furthermore, since **FORMTRACEPAK** comes with parameter calculation functions as well as a rich set of graphic analysis functions, it can be widely utilized for everything from routine quality control to R&D applications. It also includes many other functions such as the function for eliminating (compensating) shapes, such as slopes and radiused surfaces (R-surfaces), and data deletion.



### • Contour-tolerancing as a standard feature

- Design value generation
- Data combination
- Simple pitch calculation

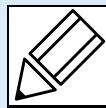
- Micro contour analysis
- Simple input using drawing symbols
- Multiple-point measurement
- Analysis using multiple-point measurements
- Reference length dialog box
- Analysis condition modification with preview
- R-surface automatic measurement



Refer to the **FORMTRACEPAK** Brochure (E15018) for more details.



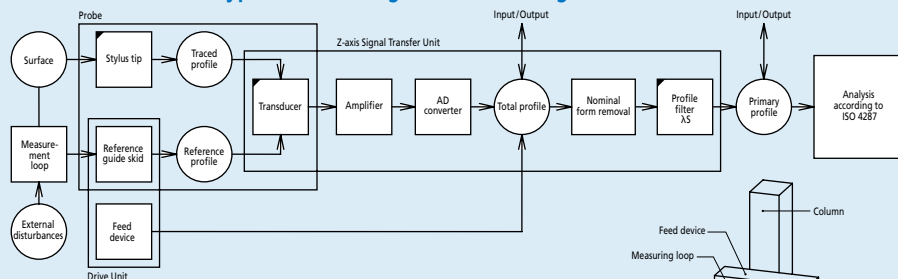
# Quick Guide to Precision Measuring Instruments



## Surftest (Surface Roughness Testers)

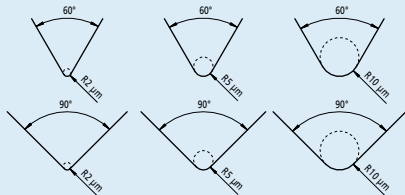
ISO 4287: 1997 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) – Surface Texture: Profile method– Terms, definitions, and surface texture parameters  
 ISO 4288: 1996 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) – Surface Texture: Profile method– Rules and procedures for the assessment of surface texture  
 ISO 3274: 1996 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) – Surface Texture: Profile method– Nominal characteristics of contact (stylus) instruments  
 ISO 11562: 1996 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) – Surface texture: Profile method– Metrological characteristics of phase correct filters

### Elements of Contact Type Surface Roughness Measuring Instruments



### Stylus Shape

A typical shape for a stylus end is conical with a spherical tip.  
 Tip radius:  $r_{tip} = 2 \mu\text{m}$ ,  $5 \mu\text{m}$  or  $10 \mu\text{m}$   
 Cone angle:  $60^\circ$ ,  $90^\circ$   
 In typical surface roughness testers, the conical angle of the stylus end is  $60^\circ$  unless otherwise specified.



### Static Measuring Force

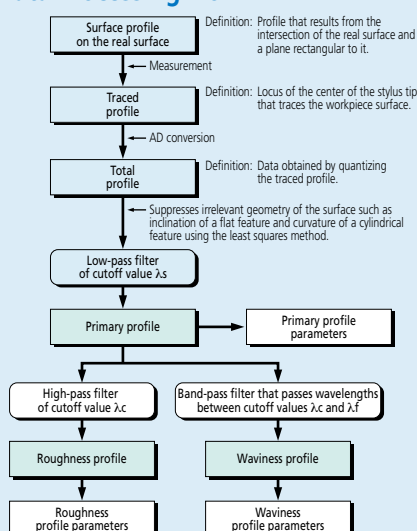
Nominal radius of curvature of stylus tip: $\mu\text{m}$	Static measuring force at the mean position of stylus: mN	Tolerance on static measuring force variations: mN/ $\mu\text{m}$
2	0.75	0.035
5	0.75 (4.0) <sup>*1</sup>	0.2
10		

<sup>\*1</sup> The maximum value of static measuring force at the average position of a stylus is to be 4.0 mN for a probe with a special structure including a replaceable stylus.

### Metrological Characterization of Phase Correct Filters

A profile filter is a phase-correct filter without phase delay (cause of profile distortion dependent on wavelength).  
 The weight function of a phase-correct filter shows a normal (Gaussian) distribution in which the amplitude transmission is 50 % at the cutoff wavelength.

### Data Processing Flow



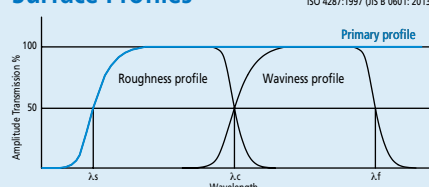
### Relationship between Cutoff Value and Stylus Tip Radius

The following table lists the relationship between the roughness profile cutoff value  $\lambda_c$ , stylus tip radius  $r_{tip}$ , and cutoff ratio  $\lambda_c/\lambda_s$ .

$\lambda_c$ mm	$\lambda_s$ $\mu\text{m}$	$\lambda_c/\lambda_s$	Maximum $r_{tip}$ $\mu\text{m}$	Maximum sampling length $\mu\text{m}$
0.08	2.5	30	2	0.5
0.25	2.5	100	2	0.5
0.8	2.5	300	2 <sup>*1</sup>	0.5
2.5	8	300	5 <sup>*2</sup>	1.5
8	25	300	10 <sup>*2</sup>	5

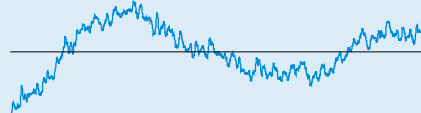
<sup>\*1</sup> For a surface with  $Ra \geq 0.5 \mu\text{m}$  or  $Rz \geq 3 \mu\text{m}$ , a significant error will not usually occur in a measurement even if  $r_{tip} = 5 \mu\text{m}$ .  
<sup>\*2</sup> If a cutoff value  $\lambda_s$  is  $2.5 \mu\text{m}$  or  $8 \mu\text{m}$ , attenuation of the signal due to the mechanical filtering effect of a stylus with the recommended tip radius appears outside the roughness profile pass band. Therefore, a small error in stylus tip radius or shape does not affect parameter values calculated from measurements. If a specific cutoff ratio is required, the ratio must be defined.

### Surface Profiles



### Primary Profile

Profile obtained from the measured profile by applying a low-pass filter with cutoff value  $\lambda_s$ .



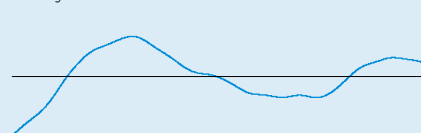
### Roughness Profile

Profile obtained from the primary profile by suppressing the longer wavelength components using a high-pass filter of cutoff value  $\lambda_c$ .



### Waviness Profile

Profile obtained by applying a band-pass filter to the primary profile to remove the longer wavelengths above  $\lambda_f$  and the shorter wavelengths below  $\lambda_c$ .



### Roughness sampling length for non-periodic profiles

ISO 4288: 1996 (JIS B 0633: 2001)

Table 1: Sampling lengths for aperiodic profile roughness parameters ( $Ra$ ,  $Rq$ ,  $Rsk$ ,  $Rku$ ,  $Rdq$ ), material ratio curve, probability density function, and related parameters

$Ra$ $\mu\text{m}$	Sampling length $l_r$ mm	Evaluation length $l_n$ mm
(0.006) < $Ra \leq 0.02$	0.08	0.4
$0.02 < Ra \leq 0.1$	0.25	1.25
$0.1 < Ra \leq 2$	0.8	4
$2 < Ra \leq 10$	2.5	12.5
$10 < Ra \leq 80$	8	40

Table 2: Sampling lengths for aperiodic profile roughness parameters ( $Rz$ ,  $Rv$ ,  $Rp$ ,  $Rc$ ,  $Rt$ )

$Rz$ $Rz1max$ $\mu\text{m}$	Sampling length $l_r$ mm	Evaluation length $l_n$ mm
(0.025) < $Rz$ , $Rz1max \leq 0.1$	0.08	0.4
$0.1 < Rz$ , $Rz1max \leq 0.5$	0.25	1.25
$0.5 < Rz$ , $Rz1max \leq 10$	0.8	4
$10 < Rz$ , $Rz1max \leq 50$	2.5	12.5
$50 < Rz$ , $Rz1max \leq 200$	8	40

1)  $Rz$  is used for measurement of  $Rz$ ,  $Rv$ ,  $Rp$ ,  $Rc$ , and  $Rt$ .  
 2)  $Rz1max$  only used for measurement of  $Rz1max$ ,  $Rv1max$ ,  $Rp1max$ , and  $Rc1max$ .

Table 3: Sampling lengths for measurement of periodic roughness profile roughness parameters and periodic or aperiodic profile parameter  $Rsm$

$Rsm$ mm	Sampling length $l_r$ mm	Evaluation length $l_n$ mm
0.013 < $Rsm \leq 0.04$	0.08	0.4
$0.04 < Rsm \leq 0.13$	0.25	1.25
$0.13 < Rsm \leq 0.4$	0.8	4
$0.4 < Rsm \leq 1.3$	2.5	12.5
$1.3 < Rsm \leq 4$	8	40

### Procedure for determining a sampling length if it is not specified

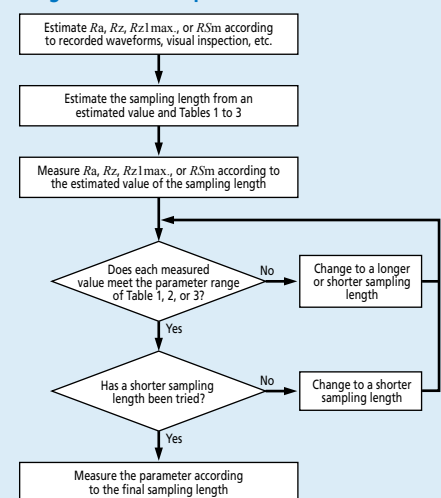


Fig.1 Procedure for determining the sampling length of an aperiodic profile if it is not specified.

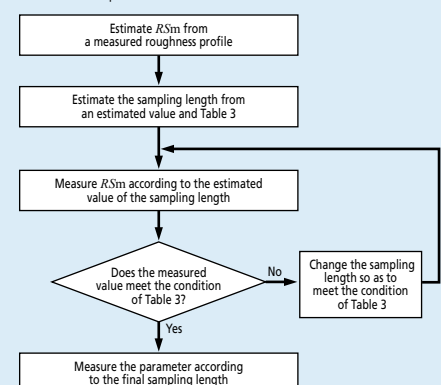


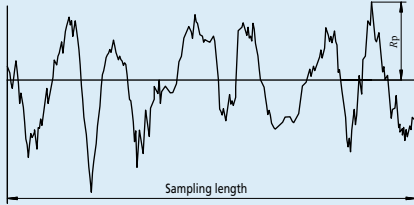
Fig.2 Procedure for determining the sampling length of a periodic profile if it is not specified.

## Definition of Parameters

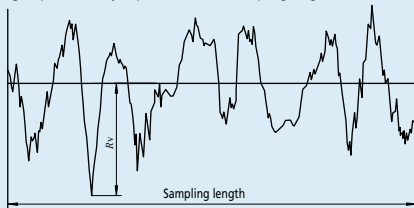
ISO 4287:1997, Amd. 1: 2009 (JIS B 0261:2013)

### Amplitude Parameters (peak and valley)

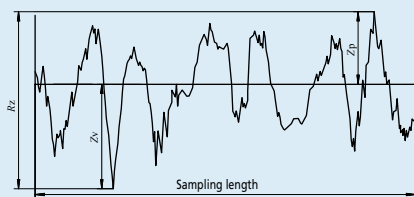
Maximum peak height of the primary profile  $P_p$   
Maximum peak height of the roughness profile  $R_p$   
Maximum peak height of the waviness profile  $W_p$   
Largest profile peak height  $Z_p$  within a sampling length



Maximum valley depth of the primary profile  $P_v$   
Maximum valley depth of the roughness profile  $R_v$   
Maximum valley depth of the waviness profile  $W_v$   
Largest profile valley depth  $Z_v$  within a sampling length

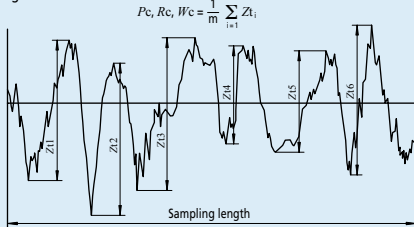


Maximum height of the primary profile  $P_z$   
Maximum height of the roughness profile  $R_z$   
Maximum height of the waviness profile  $W_z$   
Sum of height of the largest profile peak height  $Z_p$  and the largest profile valley depth  $Z_v$  within a sampling length

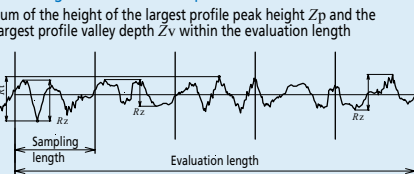


**!** In the old JIS and ISO 4287-1: 1984,  $R_z$  was used to indicate the "ten point height of irregularities". Care must be taken because differences between results obtained according to the existing and old standards are not always negligibly small. (Be sure to check whether the drawing instructions conform to existing or old standards.)

Mean height of the primary profile elements  $P_c$   
Mean height of the roughness profile elements  $R_c$   
Mean height of the waviness profile elements  $W_c$   
Mean value of the profile element heights  $Z_i$  within a sampling length



Total height of the primary profile  $P_t$   
Total height of the roughness profile  $R_t$   
Total height of the waviness profile  $W_t$   
Sum of the height of the largest profile peak height  $Z_p$  and the largest profile valley depth  $Z_v$  within the evaluation length



### Amplitude Parameters (average of ordinates)

Arithmetical mean deviation of the primary profile  $P_a$   
Arithmetical mean deviation of the roughness profile  $R_a$   
Arithmetical mean deviation of the waviness profile  $W_a$   
Arithmetic mean of the absolute ordinate values  $Z(x)$  within a sampling length

$$P_a, R_a, W_a = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l |Z(x)| dx$$

with  $l$  as  $l_p$ ,  $l_r$ , or  $l_w$  according to the case.

Root mean square deviation of the primary profile  $P_q$   
Root mean square deviation of the roughness profile  $R_q$   
Root mean square deviation of the waviness profile  $W_q$   
Root mean square value of the ordinate values  $Z(x)$  within a sampling length

$$P_q, R_q, W_q = \sqrt{\frac{1}{l} \int_0^l Z^2(x) dx}$$

with  $l$  as  $l_p$ ,  $l_r$ , or  $l_w$  according to the case.

Skewness of the primary profile  $P_{sk}$   
Skewness of the roughness profile  $R_{sk}$   
Skewness of the waviness profile  $W_{sk}$   
Quotient of the mean cube value of the ordinate values  $Z(x)$  and the cube of  $P_q$ ,  $R_q$ , or  $W_q$  respectively, within a sampling length

$$R_{sk} = \frac{1}{R_q^3} \left[ \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l Z^3(x) dx \right]$$

The above equation defines  $R_{sk}$ .  $P_{sk}$  and  $W_{sk}$  are defined in a similar manner.  $P_{sk}$ ,  $R_{sk}$ , and  $W_{sk}$  are measures of the asymmetry of the probability density function of the ordinate values.

Kurtosis of the primary profile  $P_{ku}$   
Kurtosis of the roughness profile  $R_{ku}$   
Kurtosis of the waviness profile  $W_{ku}$   
Quotient of the mean quartic value of the ordinate values  $Z(x)$  and the fourth power of  $P_q$ ,  $R_q$ , or  $W_q$  respectively, within a sampling length

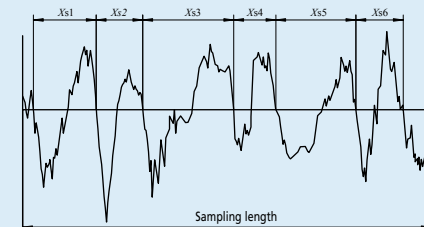
$$R_{ku} = \frac{1}{R_q^4} \left[ \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l Z^4(x) dx \right]$$

The above equation defines  $R_{ku}$ .  $P_{ku}$  and  $W_{ku}$  are defined in a similar manner.  $P_{ku}$ ,  $R_{ku}$ , and  $W_{ku}$  are measures of the sharpness of the probability density function of the ordinate values.

### Spacing Parameters

Mean width of the primary profile elements  $P_{Sm}$   
Mean width of the roughness profile elements  $R_{Sm}$   
Mean width of the waviness profile elements  $W_{Sm}$   
Mean value of the profile element widths  $X_i$  within a sampling length

$$P_{Sm}, R_{Sm}, W_{Sm} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m X_i$$

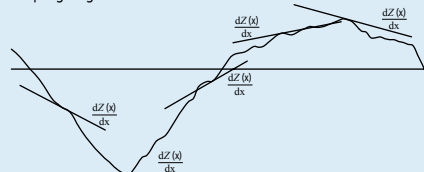


Peak count number based on the primary profile elements  $PP_c$   
Peak count number based on the roughness profile elements  $RP_c$   
Peak count number based on the waviness profile elements  $WP_c$

$$RP_c = \frac{1}{R_{Sm}}$$

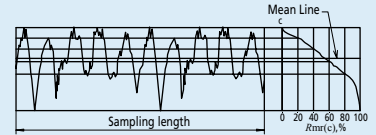
### Hybrid Parameters

Root mean square slope of the primary profile  $P_{dq}$   
Root mean square slope of the roughness profile  $R_{dq}$   
Root mean square slope of the waviness profile  $W_{dq}$   
Root mean square value of the ordinate slope  $dZ/dX$  within a sampling length



### Curves, Probability Density Function, and Related Parameters

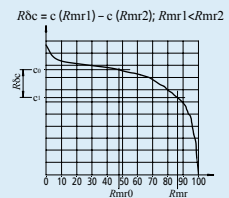
Material ratio curve of the profile (Abbott-Firestone curve)  
Curve representing the material ratio of the profile as a function of section level  $c$



Material ratio of the primary profile  $P_{mr}(c)$   
Material ratio of the roughness profile  $R_{mr}(c)$   
Material ratio of the waviness profile  $W_{mr}(c)$   
Ratio of the material length of the profile elements  $Ml$  ( $c$ ) at a given level  $c$  to the evaluation length

$$P_{mr}(c), R_{mr}(c), W_{mr}(c) = \frac{Ml(c)}{ln}$$

Section height difference of the primary profile  $P_{\delta c}$   
Section height difference of the roughness profile  $R_{\delta c}$   
Section height difference of the waviness profile  $W_{\delta c}$   
Vertical distance between two section levels of a given material ratio



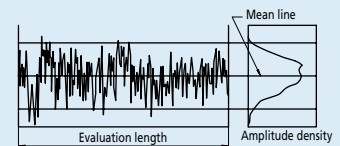
Relative material ratio of the primary profile  $P_{mr}$   
Relative material ratio of the roughness profile  $R_{mr}$   
Relative material ratio of the waviness profile  $W_{mr}$   
Material ratio determined at a profile section level  $R_{\delta c}$  related to the reference section level  $c_0$

$$P_{mr}, R_{mr}, W_{mr} = P_{mr}(c), R_{mr}(c), W_{mr}(c)$$

where  $c_1 = c_0 - R_{\delta c}(P_{\delta c}, W_{\delta c})$   
 $c_0 = c(P_{m0}, R_{m0}, W_{m0})$

### Probability density function (profile height amplitude distribution curve)

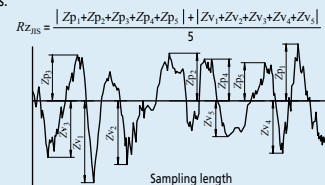
Sample probability density function of the ordinate  $Z(x)$  within the evaluation length



### JIS Specific Parameters

#### Ten-point height of irregularities, $RZ_{JIS}$

Sum of the absolute mean height of the five highest profile peaks and the absolute mean depth of the five deepest profile valleys, measured from the mean line within the sampling length of a roughness profile. This profile is obtained from the primary profile using a phase-correct band-pass filter with cutoff values of  $f_c$  and  $f_s$ .



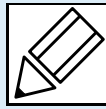
Symbol	Used profile
$RZ_{JIS2}$	Surface profile as measured
$RZ_{JIS94}$	Roughness profile derived from the primary profile using a phase-correct high-pass filter

#### Arithmetic mean deviation of the profile $Ra_{J5}$

Arithmetic mean of the absolute values of the profile deviations from the mean line within the sampling length of the roughness profile (75 %). This profile is obtained from a measurement profile using an analog high-pass filter with an attenuation factor of 12db/octave and a cutoff value of  $\lambda_c$ .

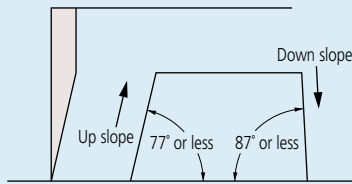
$$Ra_{J5} = \frac{1}{ln} \int_0^{ln} |Z(x)| dx$$

# Quick Guide to Precision Measuring Instruments



## Contracer (Contour Measuring Instruments)

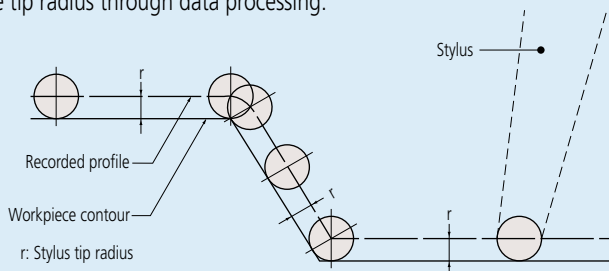
### Traceable Angle



The maximum angle at which a stylus can trace upwards or downwards along the contour of a workpiece, in the stylus travel direction, is referred to as the traceable angle. A one-sided sharp stylus with a tip angle of  $12^\circ$  (as in the above figure) can trace a maximum  $77^\circ$  of up slope and a maximum  $87^\circ$  of down slope. For a conical stylus ( $30^\circ$  cone), the traceable angle is smaller. An up slope with an angle of  $77^\circ$  or less overall may actually include an angle of more than  $77^\circ$  due to the effect of surface roughness. Surface roughness also affects the measuring force.

### Compensating for Stylus Tip Radius

A recorded profile represents the locus of the center of the ball tip rolling on a workpiece surface. (A typical radius is 0.025 mm.) Obviously this is not the same as the true surface profile so, in order to obtain an accurate profile record, it is necessary to compensate for the effect of the tip radius through data processing.

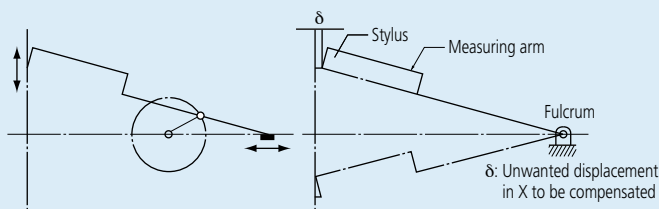


If a profile is read from the recorder through a template or scale, it is necessary to compensate for the stylus tip radius beforehand according to the applied measurement magnification.

### Compensating for Arm Rotation

When the stylus traces through a circular-arc, error arises in the X-axis direction of the recorded profile. Possible methods for compensating for this effect are as follows:

- 1) Mechanical compensation
- 2) Electrical compensation



- 3) Software processing. To measure a workpiece contour that involves a large displacement in the vertical direction with high accuracy, one of these compensation methods needs to be implemented.

### Accuracy

As the detector units of the X-and Z-axes incorporate scales, the magnification accuracy is displayed not as a percentage but as the linear displacement accuracy for each axis.

### Overload Safety Cutout

If an excessive force (overload) is exerted on the stylus tip due, perhaps, to the tip encountering a too-steep slope on a workpiece feature, or a burr, for example, a safety device automatically stops operation and sounds an alarm buzzer. This type of instrument is commonly equipped with separate safety devices for the tracing direction (X axis) load and vertical direction (Z axis) load.

### Circular-Arc/Linear Tracing

The locus traced by the stylus tip during vertical stylus movement can be a circular arc or a straight line. Ensuring a straight-line locus entails complex mechanics, while in the case of a circular-arc locus, if the amplitude of stylus displacement is large in the vertical direction, an error ( $\delta$ ) in the recorded profile in the horizontal direction arises. (See figure at lower left)

### Z-axis Measurement Methods

Though the X-axis measurement method commonly adopted is by means of a digital scale, the Z-axis measurement divides into analog methods (using a differential transformer, for example) and digital scale methods.

Analog methods vary in Z-axis resolution depending on the measurement magnification and measuring range. Digital scale methods have fixed resolution.

Generally, a digital scale method provides higher accuracy than an analog method.



## Contour analysis methods

You can analyze the contour with one of the following two methods after completing the measurement operation.

### Data processing section and analysis program

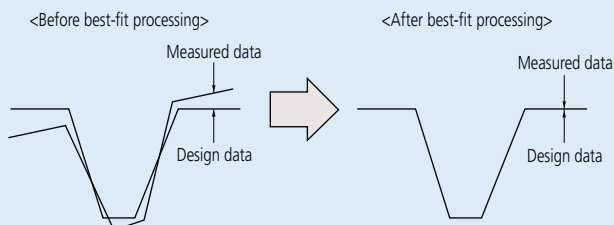
The measured contour is input into the data processing section in real time and a dedicated program performs the analysis using the mouse and/or keyboard. The angle, radius, step, pitch and other data are directly displayed as numerical values. Analysis combining coordinate systems can be easily performed. The graph that goes through stylus radius correction is output to the printer as the recorded profile.

## Tolerancing with Design Data

Measured workpiece contour data can be compared with design data in terms of actual and designed shapes rather than just analysis of individual dimensions. In this technique each deviation of the measured contour from the intended contour is displayed and recorded. Also, data from one workpiece example can be processed so as to become the master design data to which other workpieces are compared. This function is particularly useful when the shape of a section greatly affects product performance, or when its shape has an influence on the relationship between mating or assembled parts.

## Best-fitting

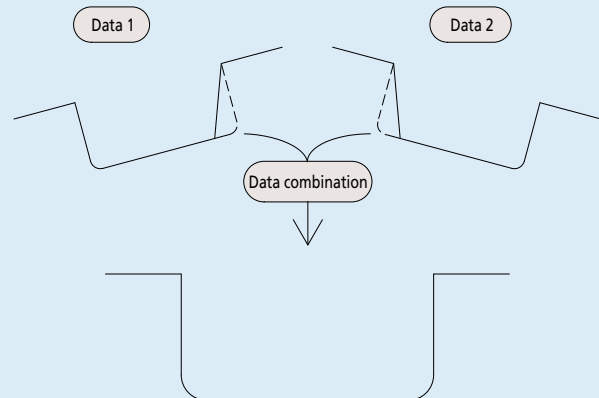
If there is a standard for surface profile data, tolerancing with design data is performed according to the standard. If there is no standard, or if tolerancing only with shape is desired, best-fitting between design data and measurement data can be performed.



The best-fit processing algorithm searches for deviations between both sets of data and derives a coordinate system in which the sum of squares of the deviations is a minimum when the measured data is overlaid on the design data.

## Data Combination

Conventionally, if tracing a complete contour is prevented by stylus traceable-angle restrictions then it has to be divided into several sections that are then measured and evaluated separately. This function avoids this undesirable situation by combining the separate sections into one contour by overlaying common elements (lines, points) onto each other. With this function the complete contour can be displayed and various analyses performed in the usual way.



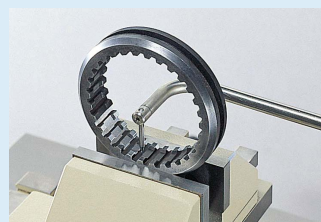
## Measurement Examples



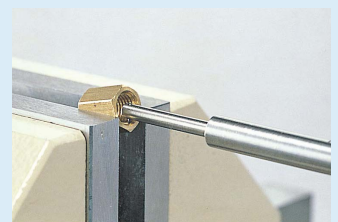
Aspheric lens contour



Inner/outer ring contour of a bearing



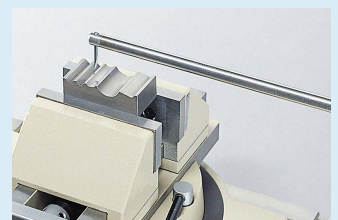
Internal gear teeth



Female thread form



Male thread form



Gage contour

# Roundtest

To realize efficient centering and leveling combined with high-precision measurement

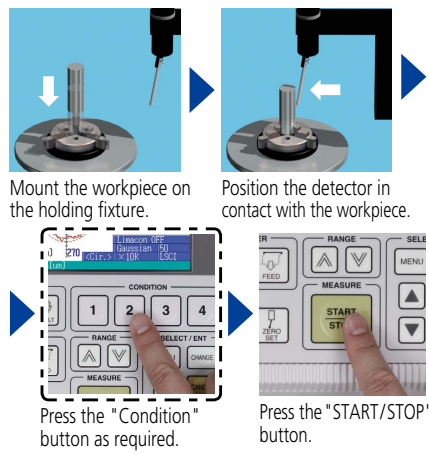
## Roundtest RA-10 SERIES 211 — Roundness Measuring Instrument

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



RA-10

### Simple measurement procedure



### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.	RA-10		
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.04+6H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)
		Axial direction	(0.04+6X/10000) μm X: distance from the center of rotation (mm)
	Maximum probing diameter		ø100 mm
	Maximum loading mass		10 kg
Vertical movement	Vertical travel		117 mm
X axis	Travel range		75 mm (–25 mm to 50 mm from the rotation center)
Detector*	Measuring range		±1000 μm

\* Only the standard length stylus is applicable to this detector. The long type cannot be used.

## Roundtest RA-120/120P SERIES 211 — Roundness Measuring Instruments

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



RA-120



RA-120P

The analysis capabilities for the various models (RA-120/120P/10) vary. For details, refer to page L-26.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.	RA-120		RA-120P
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.04+6H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)
		Axial direction	(0.04+6X/10000) μm X: distance from the center of rotation (mm)
	Maximum probing diameter*1		ø280 mm (ø380 mm: for the vertical position when detector holder is installed reversely, the maximum probing height is up to 50 mm from the table top.)
	Maximum loading mass		25 kg
Vertical movement	Vertical travel		280 mm
X axis	Travel range		165 mm (–25 mm to 140 mm from the rotation center)
Detector*2	Measuring range		±1000 μm

\*1 Auxiliary stage for a low-height workpiece (optional) is required for the measurement 20 mm or less in the radial direction from the center point of the table and 20 mm or less from the table top.

\*2 Only the standard length stylus is applicable to this detector. The long type cannot be used.

**MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

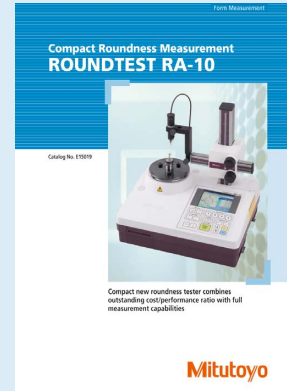
Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

### A cost-effective compact instrument that enables full-scale roundness evaluation.

- Offers easy operation for anyone. A large, simple key arrangement is used.
- User-friendly operation. Measurement results and recorded profiles are easy to view with the large LCD, and can then be printed by the built-in thermal line printer. Furthermore, optional functions to improve usability can be offered.

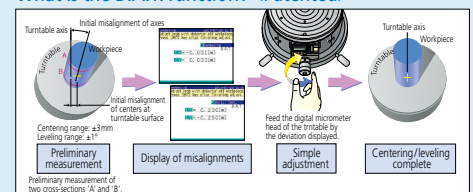


Refer to the Roundtest RA-10 Brochure (E15019) for more details.

### Easy operation, compact and outstanding cost/performance ratio, designed for use on the shop-floor right beside the production line.

- D.A.T. (Digimatic Adjustment Table) function aids adjustments such as centering and leveling, and substantially reduces the time required for preliminary setup operations.

#### What is the D.A.T. function? <Patented>

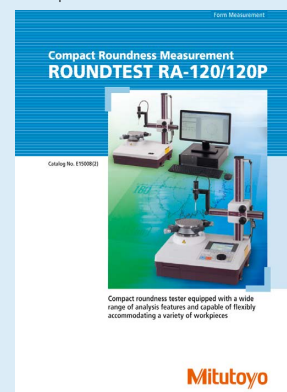


#### Dedicated analysis unit type (RA-120)

- Compact, lightweight design from incorporating electronic components inside the main unit.

#### Data analysis by PC (RA-120P)

- **ROUNDPAK**, a data analysis program employs Windows OS and archived higher level of analysis.

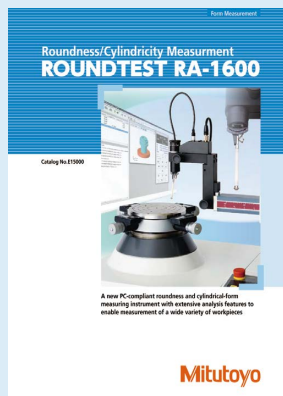


Refer to the Roundtest RA-120/120P Brochure (E15008) for more details.



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

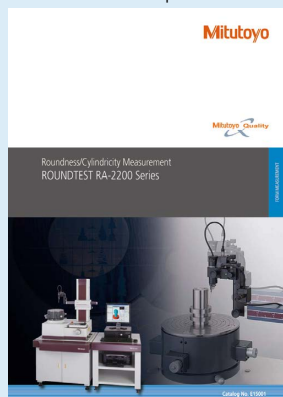
- Compact body and a wide measuring range assures precision that compares well with that of higher-grade models.
- D.A.T. (Digital Adjustment Table) function aids manual workpiece centering and leveling.
- Safety mechanism provided in the detection section as a standard feature.
- A sliding mechanism (optional sliding detector holder) can be installed in the detector holder. It enables one-touch measurement of a workpiece with a deep hole having a thick wall, which has been difficult with the standard detector.



Refer to the Roundtest **RA-1600** Brochure (**E15000**) for more details.

**Achieved the world's highest level of accuracy for this class of machine. A high-performance automatic system equipped with a high-speed automatic centering/leveling function.**

- High-speed automatic centering/leveling function contributes to a significant reduction in the man-hours required for setups.
- A fully automatic system which performs processing automatically from part program calling, centering/leveling, measurement, calculation, all the way through to printing.
- Capable of continuous inside/outside diameter measurement without changing the detector orientation (up to 50 mm ID).
- The automatic positioning function of the turntable enables automatic measurement in combination with table rotation and slider/column movement.
- Advanced graphical analysis such as power spectrum chart is available.
- A sliding mechanism is incorporated in the detector holder part.



Refer to the Roundtest **RA-2200** Series Brochure (**E15001**) for more details.

## Roundtest RA-1600 SERIES 211 — Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System

MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



Detector safety mechanism



RA-1600

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-1600
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.02+6H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)
		Axial direction	(0.02+6X/10000) μm X: Distance from the center of rotation (mm)
	Maximum loading mass		25 kg
	Maximum probing diameter		ø280 mm
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		300 mm
X axis	Travel range		165 mm (–25 mm to +140 mm from the rotation center)
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm
		Tracking	±5 mm

## Roundtest RA-2200 SERIES 211 — Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System

MeasurLink<sup>®</sup> ENABLED  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



RA-2200 AS

System vibration isolator (with side table)



RA-2200 AS

System vibration isolator (monitor arm type)\*

\* Printer table (provided by the customer) not shown.

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-2200AS	RA-2200DS	RA-2200AH	RA-2200DH
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.02+3.5H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)			
		Axial direction	(0.02+3.5X/10000) μm X: Distance from the center of rotation (mm)			
	Maximum loading mass		30 kg			
	Maximum probing diameter		ø300 mm			
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		300 mm		500 mm	
X axis	Travel range		175 mm (−25 mm to +150 mm from the rotation center)			
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm			
		Tracking	±5 mm			



# Roundtest

To realize efficient centering and leveling combined with high-precision measurement

## Roundtest RA-H5200 SERIES 211 — Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System

**MeasurLink® ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



RA-H5200AH  
with side table

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-H5200AS	RA-H5200AH
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.02+3.5H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)	
		Axial direction	(0.02+3.5X/10000) μm X: Distance from the center of rotation (mm)	
	Maximum loading mass		80 kg (On auto-centering: 65 kg)	
	Maximum probing diameter		ø400 mm	
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		350 mm	550 mm
X axis	Travel range		225 mm (-25 mm to +200 mm from the rotation center)	
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm	
		Tracking	±5 mm	

## Roundtest Extreme RA-2200 CNC SERIES 211 — CNC Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System

**MeasurLink® ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo



RA-2200 CNC  
System vibration isolator (with side table)



### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-2200 CNC	
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.02+3.5H/10000) μm H: Probing height (mm)	
		Axial direction	(0.02+3.5X/10000) μm X: Distance from the center of rotation (mm)	
	Maximum loading mass		30 kg	
	Maximum probing diameter		ø256 mm	
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		300 mm	500 mm
X axis	Travel range		175 mm	
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm	
		Tracking	±5 mm	

**MeasurLink® ENABLED**  
Data Management Software by Mitutoyo

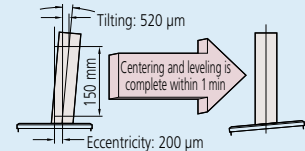
Products equipped with the measurement data output function can be connected to the measurement data network system MeasurLink (refer to page A-5 for details).



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

**A high-performance automatic system equipped with a high-speed automatic centering/leveling function achieves the world's highest-level of accuracy.**

- High-speed automatic centering/leveling function contributes to a significant reduction in the man-hours required for setups.



- A fully automatic system which performs processing automatically from part program calling, centering/leveling, measurement, calculation, all the way through to printing.
- Capable of continuous inside/outside diameter measurement without changing the detector orientation (up to 50 mm ID).
- The automatic positioning function of the turntable enables automatic measurement in combination with table rotation and slider/column movement.
- Advanced graphical analysis such as a power spectrum chart is available.
- A sliding mechanism is incorporated in the detector holder.

- **Highly accurate and easy-to-use turntable.**  
The turntable with automatic centering and leveling function is equipped as standard, which frees operators from manual centering and leveling operations.
- **A function to change the detector posture enables CNC automatic measurement.**  
Automatic control of holder arm posture (vertical/horizontal) and the rotation feature of the detector (rotates in 1° increments in the range of 0 to 270°) enables continuous measurement of various feature combinations, such as OD/ID and/or top/bottom plane measurements.
- **A positioning sensor to achieve CNC high-accuracy automatic measurement.**  
A Mitutoyo linear scale is used in the X-axis drive unit to directly detect the position of the drive unit. It guarantees the highly precise positioning vital for automatic measurement.
- **A roughness detector (optional) is supported.**



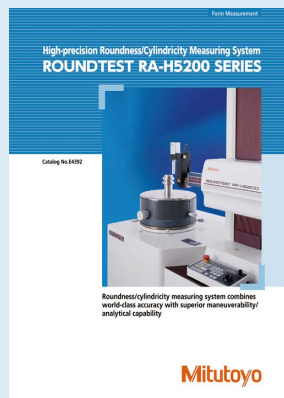
Refer to the Roundtest **RA-2200 Series** Brochure (E15001) for more details.



An inspection certificate is supplied as standard. Refer to page U-11 for details.

## Top productivity and performance from a CNC machine with highest-level accuracy.

- The turntable with automatic centering and leveling function is equipped as standard, which frees operators from manual centering and leveling operations.
- Automatic control of holder arm posture (vertical/horizontal) and the rotation feature of the detector (rotates in 1° increments in the range of 0 to 270°) enables continuous measurement of various feature combinations, such as OD/ID and/or top/bottom plane measurements.
- A Mitutoyo linear scale is used in the X-axis drive unit to directly detect the position of the drive unit. It guarantees the highly precise positioning vital for automatic measurement.
- A roughness detector (optional) is supported.



Refer to the Roundtest **RA-H5200** Series Brochure (**E4392**) for more details.

## The best accuracy achieved in the class of large cylindricity measuring machine.

- Loading capacity is 350 kg, and the highest rotational accuracy in the class is achieved. Besides roundness and cylindricity, the flatness can be measured in high accuracy. The workpiece that requires high accuracy measurement such as large and heavy cylindrical parts can be measurement.
- For the ID measurement of a deep hole, such as a main shaft of machine tool, a deep hole measuring unit (specially made, without CNC functions) is available.
- A Mitutoyo linear scale is used in the X-axis drive unit to directly detect the position of the drive unit. It guarantees the highly precise positioning vital for automatic measurement.

## Roundtest Extreme RA-H5200 CNC SERIES 211 — CNC Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System



RA-H5200 CNC  
with side table

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-H5200 CNC	
Z-axis column unit			Standard column specification (Vertical travel: 350 mm)	High column specification (Vertical travel: 550 mm)
Turntable	Rotational accuracy (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.02+3.5H/10000) μm	
		Axial direction	(0.02+3.5X/10000) μm	
			H: Probing height (mm)	
Maximum loading mass			80 kg (On auto-centering: 65 kg)	
Maximum probing diameter			ø356 mm	
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		350 mm	550 mm
X axis	Travel range		225 mm	
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm	
		Tracking	±5 mm	

## Roundtest Extreme RA-6000 CNC SERIES 211 — CNC Roundness/Cylindricity Measuring System



RA-6000 CNC

### SPECIFICATIONS

Model No.			RA-6000 CNC	
Turntable	Rotational accuracy <sup>*1*2</sup> (JIS B 7451-1997)	Radial direction	(0.05+6H/10000) μm	
		Axial direction	(0.05+6X/10000) μm	
			H: Probing height (mm)	
Maximum loading mass			350 kg	
Maximum probing diameter			ø880 mm	
Vertical movement (Z-axis column unit)	Vertical travel		1050 mm	
X axis	Travel range		465 mm	
Detector	Measuring range	Standard	±400 μm/±40 μm/±4 μm	
		Tracking	±5 mm	

\*1 The temperature at which the accuracy can be guaranteed is 20 °C.

\*2 The rotational accuracy has been obtained when load is applied to the rotation center.

# Roundtest

To realize efficient centering and leveling combined with high-precision measurement

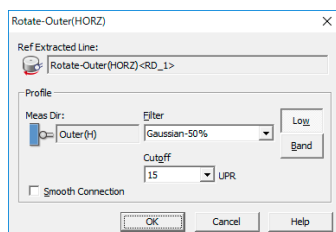
## ROUNDPAK

### Roundness/Cylindricity measurement/Analysis software

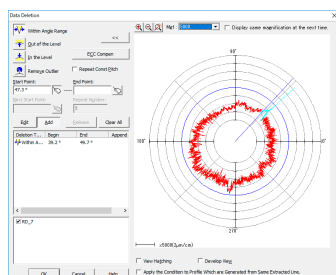
- A wide variety of parameters including those for roundness/cylindricity, as well as flatness and parallelism, are provided as standard features. You can visually select these parameters using icons.



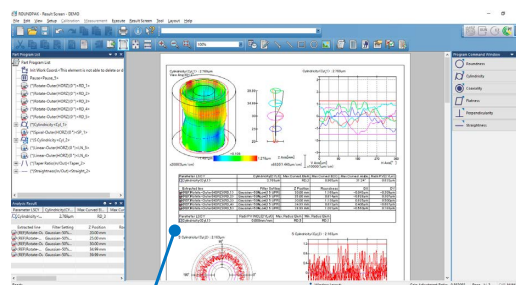
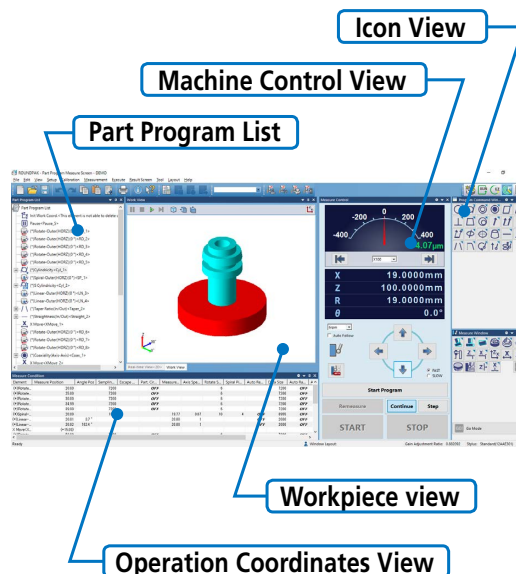
**ROUNDPAK** also comes with specialized functions, such as the design value best-fit analysis function, the harmonic analysis function, and a function for recording the peak or trough points on a circumference. Data that has already been collected can be easily used for re-calculation, or deleted.



Recalculation

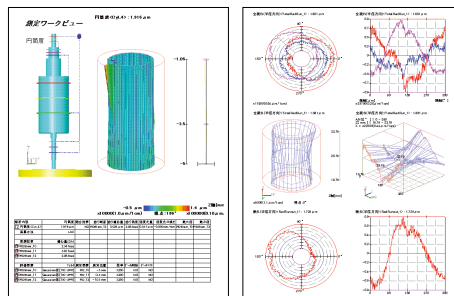


Data deletion

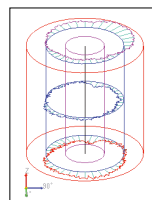


Result view

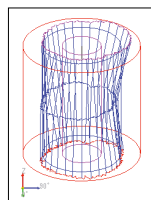
- The customer can create reports in custom formats by specifying how the analysis results will be displayed, as well as the sizes and positions of graphics. The analysis result window can be directly utilized as a layout window. Since the measurement procedure, including the layout information, is saved, the entire process, from measurement start, calculation, result saving, and finally to printing, can be automatically executed.



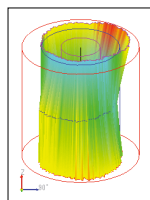
- Analysis results such as cylindricity and coaxiality can be visually expressed in 3D graphics.



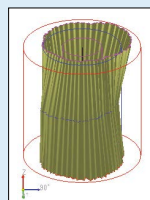
Normal display



Wire-frame display

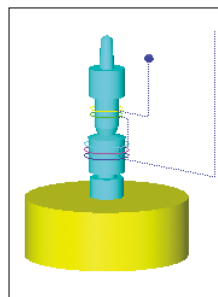


Surface-map display



Shading display

- An offline teaching function is provided to create a part program (measurement procedure) without an actual measurement target, enabling the user to virtually execute the measurement operation in a 3D simulation window.





Analysis type		Model	RA-2200 / H5200 RA-2200CNC / H5200CNC / 6000CNC	RA-1600	RA-120P	RA-120	RA-10
Roundness		○	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Cylindricity		⊘	✓	✓			
Concentricity		◎	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Coaxiality	Axis element	⊙	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Axis		✓	✓	✓		
Flatness		▭	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Parallelism		//	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Perpendicularity		⊥	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Radial deviation		▭	✓	✓			
Thickness deviation		⊙	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Radial runout		↗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Total runout		↗↗	✓	✓			
Diameter measurement		∅	✓	✓			
Straightness		—	✓	✓			
Inclination		∠	✓	✓			
Taper		∧	✓	✓			
Diameter contour tolerancing		⊕	✓	✓			
Rectilinear contour tolerancing		⌒	✓	✓			
Width measurement (only CNC)		⊞	✓ (only CNC)				
Power spectrum		▮	✓	✓			
Harmonic analysis		⊞	✓	✓	✓		
Profile operation		±	✓	✓	✓		
Tapered surface analysis		⌒	✓	✓			

# Quick Guide to Precision Measuring Instruments

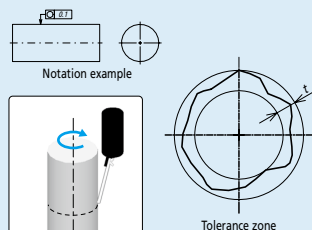


## Roundtest (Roundform Measuring Instruments)

### Geometrical tolerances ISO/DIS 1101: 1996\*1, ISO 5459\*2

#### Roundness

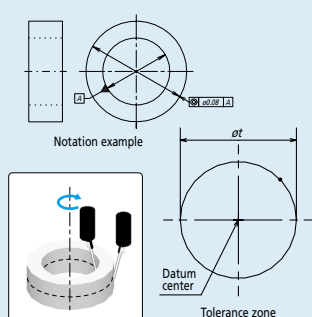
Any circumferential line must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two coplanar circles with a difference in radii of  $t$



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Concentricity

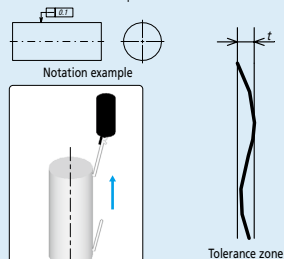
The center point must be contained within the tolerance zone formed by a circle of diameter  $t$  concentric with the datum



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Straightness

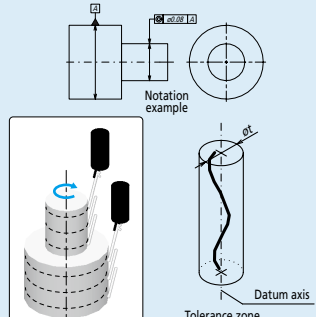
Any line on the surface must lie within the tolerance zone formed between two parallel straight lines a distance  $t$  apart and in the direction specified



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Coaxiality

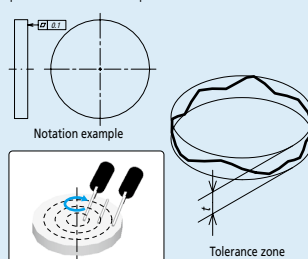
The axis must be contained within the tolerance zone formed by a cylinder of diameter  $t$  concentric with the datum



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Flatness

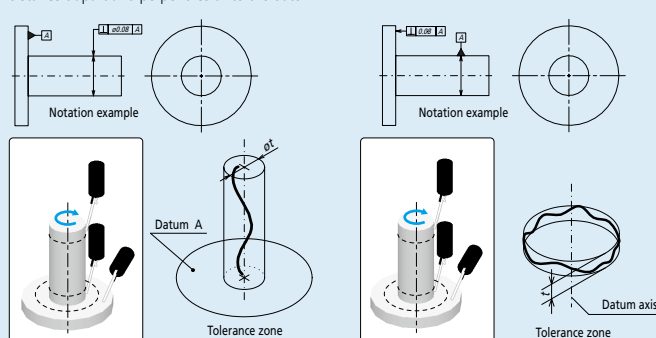
The surface must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two parallel planes a distance  $t$  apart



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Perpendicularity

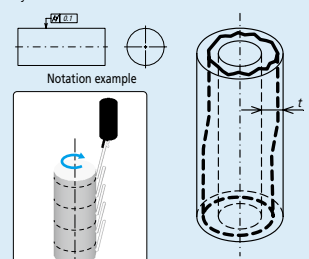
The line or surface must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two planes a distance  $t$  apart and perpendicular to the datum



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Cylindricity

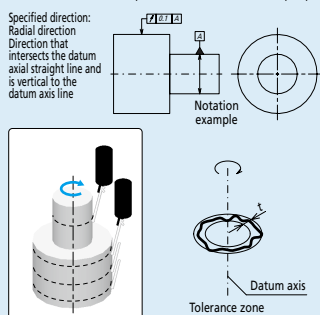
The surface must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two coaxial cylinders with a difference in radii of  $t$



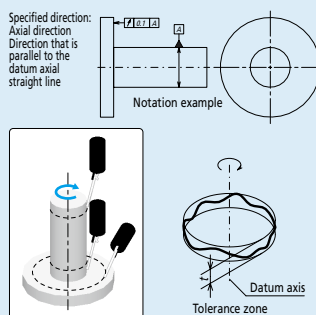
Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Circular Runout (Radial and Axial)

The line must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two coplanar and/or concentric circles a distance  $t$  apart concentric with or perpendicular to the datum



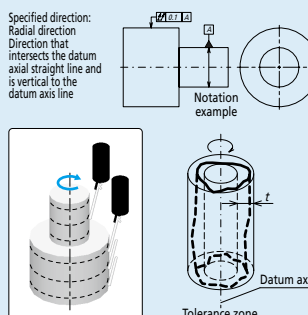
Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument



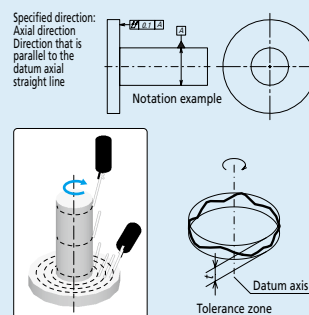
Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

#### Total Runout (Radial and Axial)

The surface must be contained within the tolerance zone formed between two coaxial cylinders with a difference in radii of  $t$ , or planes a distance  $t$  apart, concentric with or perpendicular to the datum



Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

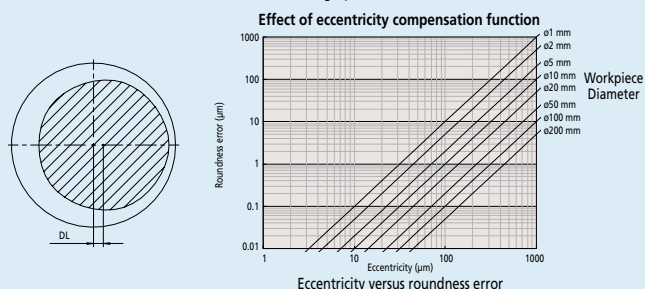


Verification example using a roundness measuring instrument

### Adjustment prior to Measurement ISO 4291:1985\*3

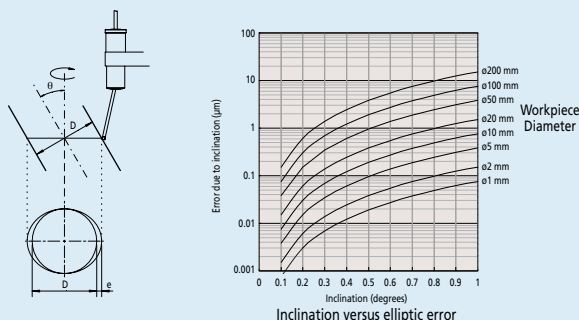
#### Centering

A displacement offset (eccentricity) between the Roundtest's turntable axis and that of the workpiece results in distortion of the measured form (limaçon error) and consequently produces an error in the calculated roundness value. The larger the eccentricity, the larger is the error in calculated roundness. Therefore the workpiece should be centered (axes made coincident) before measurement. Some roundness testers support accurate measurement with a limaçon error correction function. The effectiveness of this function can be seen in the graph below.



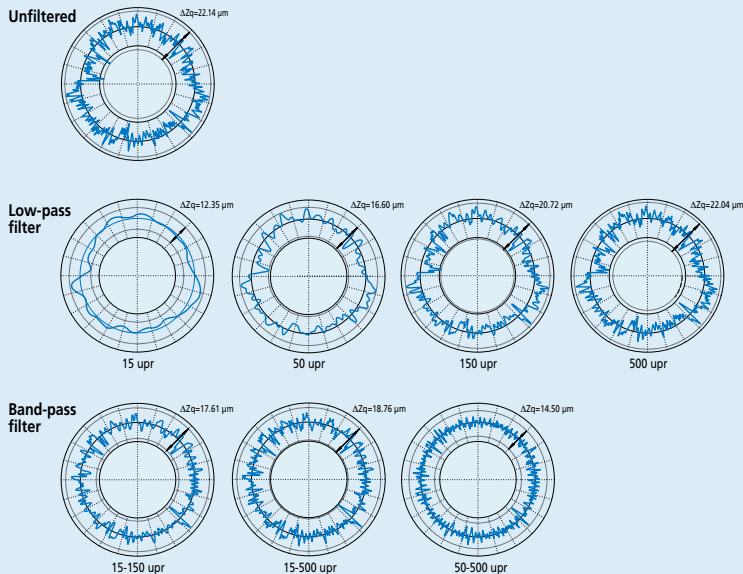
#### Leveling

Any inclination of the axis of a workpiece with respect to the rotational axis of the measuring instrument will cause an elliptic error. Leveling must be performed so that these axes are sufficiently parallel.



## Effect of Filter Settings on the Measured Profile ISO 12181-2: 2011\*4

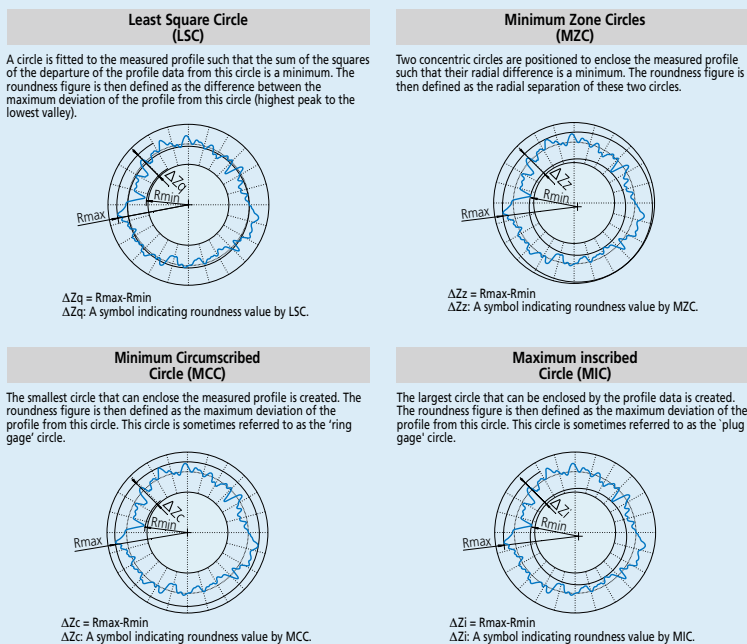
Profiles can be filtered in various ways to reduce or eliminate unwanted detail, with a cut-off value set in terms of undulations per revolution (upr). The effect of different upr settings is shown in the diagrams below, which illustrate how the measured roundness value decreases as lower upr settings progressively smooth out the line.



## Evaluating the Measured Profile Roundness ISO 12181-1: 2011\*5, ISO 4291: 1985\*3

Roundness testers use the measurement data to generate reference circles whose dimensions define the roundness value. There are four methods of generating these circles, as shown below, and each method has individual characteristics so the method that best matches the function of the workpiece should be chosen.

Each method results in a different center position for the reference circles and therefore affects the axial location of the circular feature measured.



## Filtering

	2CR filter	Gaussian filter
Standard	ISO 4291: 1985*3	ISO 12181-1: 2011*5
Attenuation rate	75 %	50 %

## Terms and abbreviated terms ISO 12181-1: 2011\*5

Abbreviated terms	Terms
LSCI	Least squares reference circle
LSCY	Least squares reference cylinder
LSLI	Least squares reference line
LSPL	Least squares reference plane
LCD	Local cylindricity deviation
LFD	Local flatness deviation
LRD	Local roundness deviation
LSD	Local straightness deviation
MICI	Maximum inscribed reference circle
MICY	Maximum inscribed reference cylinder
MCCI	Minimum circumscribed reference circle
MCCY	Minimum circumscribed reference cylinder
MZCI	Minimum zone reference circles
MZCY	Minimum zone reference cylinder
MZLI	Minimum zone reference lines
MZPL	Minimum zone reference planes
UPR	Undulations per revolution

## Parameters and abbreviated terms ISO 12181-1: 2011\*5

Abbreviated terms	Parameter	Reference element*			
		Minimum zone	Least square	Minimum circumscribed	Minimum inscribed
CYLt	Cylinder taper		✓		
STRsg	Generatrix straightness deviation		✓		
STRlc	Local generatrix straightness deviation		✓		
CYLp	Peak-to-reference cylindricity deviation		✓		
FLTp	Peak-to-reference flatness deviation		✓		
RONp	Peak-to-reference roundness deviation		✓		
STRp	Peak-to-reference straightness deviation		✓		
CYLt	Peak-to-valley cylindricity deviation	✓	✓	✓	✓
FLTt	Peak-to-valley flatness deviation	✓	✓		
RONt	Peak-to-valley roundness deviation	✓	✓	✓	✓
STRt	Peak-to-valley straightness deviation	✓	✓		
CYLv	Reference-to-valley cylindricity deviation		✓		
FLTv	Reference-to-valley flatness deviation		✓		
RONv	Reference-to-valley roundness deviation		✓		
STRv	Reference-to-valley straightness deviation		✓		
CYLq	Root-mean-square cylindricity deviation		✓		
FLTq	Root-mean-square flatness deviation		✓		
RONq	Root-mean-square roundness deviation		✓		
STRq	Root-mean-square straightness deviation		✓		
STRsa	Straightness deviation of the extracted median line	✓	✓	✓	✓

\* The reference elements to which the parameter can be applied.

\*1 ISO/DIS 1101: 1996 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) - Geometrical tolerancing - Tolerancing of form, orientation, location and run-out

\*2 ISO 5459 Technical drawings - Geometrical tolerancing - Datums and datum-systems for geometrical tolerances

\*3 ISO 4291: 1985 Methods for the assessment of departure from roundness - Measurement of variations in radius

\*4 ISO 12181-2: 2011 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) - Roundness - Part2: Specification operators

\*5 ISO 12181-1: 2011 Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) - Roundness - Part 1: Vocabulary and parameters of roundness